

**Monthly report on livestock disease trends as informally reported by veterinarians belonging to the Ruminant Veterinary Association of South Africa (RuVASA), a group of the South African Veterinary Association**

**May 2019**

(Previous disease reports can be seen on the RuVASA website [www.ruvasa.co.za](http://www.ruvasa.co.za) )

These reports include data from individual practices

**Click on Disease Reports**

**The following practices and laboratories (123) submitted reports during May 2019:**

**Mpumalanga (13)**

Balfour – Dr. Lous van Jaarsveld  
Bethal – Dr. Hardus Pieters  
Ermelo – Dr. Ben Potgieter  
Grootvlei – Dr. Neels van Wyk  
Hendrina – Dr. Anja Steinberg  
Karino – Dr. Silke Pfitzer  
Lydenburg – Dr. Marietjie Malan  
Lydenburg – Drs. Trümpelmann and Steyn  
Malalane – Drs. Van Sittert and Van Sittert  
Middelburg – Drs. Erasmus, Malan and Bernitz  
Nelspruit – Dr. André Beytel  
Standerton – Dr. Kobie Kroon  
Volksrust – Dr. Johan Blaauw

**Gauteng (6)**

Bronkhorstspruit – Dr. De Bruin, De Bruin and Labuschagne  
Hammanskraal – Dr. Hentie Engelbrecht  
Magaliesburg – Dr. Ryan Jeffery  
Nigel – Dr. Cindy van der Westhuizen  
Onderstepoort Veterinary Academic Hospital – Proff. Annandale, Shakespear, Holm, Pettey and Drs, Fitte, Grobler, Hamman, Koeppel, Leask, Mabu, Marufu, Mokoele, O'Dell, Tshuma and Van der Leek  
Vanderbijlpark – Dr. Kobus Kok

**Limpopo (5)**

Mokopane (Potgietersrust)- Dr. Henk Visser  
Polokwane (Pietersburg) – Drs. Watson, Viljoen, Jansen van Vuuren, Van Rooyen, Snyman and Cremona  
Tzaneen – ZZ2 Farm practice – Dr. Danie Odendaal  
Vaalwater – Dr. Hampie van Staden  
Vaalwater – Dr. Annemieke Müller

**North West (13)**

Beestekraal – Dr. Alwyn Venter  
Brits – Dr. Boshoff and Coertze  
Christiana – Dr. Pieter Nel  
Klerksdorp/Coligny/Fochville/Hartebeesfontein/Ottosdal/Potchefstroom – Drs. Van den Berg,  
Van den Berg, Van der Walt and Geral  
Klerksdorp/Schweizer-Reneke – Drs. Coetzee and Venter  
Leeudoringstad – Dr. Ian Jonker  
Lichtenburg – Dr. Nelmarie-Krüger-Rall  
Potchefstroom – dr. Martin Ferreira  
Rustenburg – Drs. Goosen, Grobler, Sparks, Van Egdom, Van Rensburg and Van Rooyen  
Stella - Dr. Magdaleen Vosser  
Ventersdorp/ Koster –Drs. Benadé and Van der Merwe  
Vryburg – Dr. Jurie Kritzinger

**Free State (22)**

Bethlehem – Drs. Strydom and Strydom  
Bloemfontein – Dr. Stephan Wessels  
Bultfontein – Dr. Santjie Pieterse  
Clocolan – Drs. Wasserman and Basson  
Dewetsdorp – Dr. Marike Badenhorst  
Excelsior/Ladybrand – Dr. Dedré Nel  
Ficksburg – Dr. Woody Kotzé  
Frankfort – Drs. Lessing, Cilliers and Janse van Rensburg  
Harrismith – Drs. Slabber and Reynolds  
Hoopstad – Dr. Kobus Pretorius  
Kroonstad – Drs. Daffue, Eksteen, Van Zyl and Van der Walt  
Memel – Drs. Nixon and Nixon  
Parys – Drs. Wessels and Wessels  
Philippolis – Dr. Stephan Vermeulen  
Reitz - Dr. Murray Smith  
Smithfield – Dr. Nienke van Hasselt  
Viljoenskroon – Dr. Johan Kahts  
Villiers – Dr. D'Wall Hauptfleish

Vrede – Drs. Myburgh and Bester-Cloete  
Vrede – Dr. Rudolph Fourie  
Wesselsbron – Dr. Johan Jacobs  
Zastron – Drs. Troskie and Strauss

**KwaZulu-Natal (13)**

Bergville- Dr. Ariena Shepherd  
Bergville – Dr. Jubie Muller  
Camperdown – Dr. Anthony van Tonder  
Dundee – Drs. Marais and Fynn  
Eshowe, Mtunzini, Mandeni – Dr. Craig Pryke  
Kokstad – Drs. Clowes, Shrives and Lees  
Mooi River – Drs. Still, Edmunds and Fowler  
Mtubatuba – Dr. Trevor Viljoen  
Newcastle – Dr. Barry Rafferty  
Pietermaritzburg – Drs. Kretzmann, Watkins and De Freitas  
Pongola – Dr. Heinz Kohrs  
Underberg - Drs. Collins, King and Delaney  
Vryheid – Drs. Theron and Theron

**Eastern Cape (16)**

Adelaide – Dr. Steve Cockroft  
Alexandria - Dr. Johan Olivier  
Alexandria – Dr. Charlene Boy  
Aliwal North – Drs. Troskie and Strauss  
Bathurst – Dr. Jane Pistorius  
Cradock – Dr. Frans Erasmus  
Graaff- Reinet - Dr. Roland Larson  
Graaff-Reinet – Drs. Hobson, Strydom and Hennesy  
Humansdorp – Drs. Van Niekerk, Jansen Van Vuuren and Davis  
Jeffreys Bay – Drs. Lategan, Hoek and McFarlane  
Port Alfred – Drs. Fourie, De Bruyn, Brink, Van Vuuren and Krüger  
Queenstown – Drs. Du Preez, Klopper, Jansen van Vuuren, De Klerk and Catherine  
Somerset East – Drs. Farell, Farrel, Louw and Ross  
Steynsburg – Dr. Johan van Rooyen  
Uitenhage – Drs. Mulder and Krüger  
Witelsbos – Dr. Elmien Kotze

**Western Cape (20)**

Beaufort West - Dr. Jaco Pienaar  
Beaufort West – Dr. Bennie Grobler  
Caledon – Drs. Louw and Viljoen

Darling – Drs. Van der Merwe, Adam and Senekal  
George – Drs. Strydom, Truter and Pettifer  
Heidelberg – Dr. Albert van Zyl  
Malmesbury – Dr. Otto Kriek  
Malmesbury – Dr. Andries Lesch  
Malmesbury – Dr. Markus Fourie  
Malmesbury – Drs. Heyns and Zolner  
Moorreesburg – dr. S. Kotzé  
Oudtshoorn – Dr. Adriaan Olivier  
Oudtshoorn – Dr. Glen Carlisle  
Piketberg – Dr. André van der Merwe  
Plettenberg Bay – Dr. André Reitz  
Riversdale – Drs. Du Plessis, Taylor and De Bruyn  
Stellenbosch – Dr. Alfred Kidd  
Swellendam – Dr. Jacques Malan  
Tulbagh/Ceres – drs. Hamman, Wilson and Triegaardt  
Vredenburg – Dr. Izak Rust

#### **Northern Cape (8)**

Calvinia – Dr. Bertus Nel  
Colesberg – Drs. Rous and Rous  
De Aar – Dr. Donald Anderson  
Kathu – Dr. Jan Vorster  
Kimberley – Drs. Van Heerden and Swart  
Kuruman – Dr. Lea Shuda  
Postmasburg – Dr. Boeta van der Merwe  
Upington – Drs. Vorster, Fourie and Visser

#### **Feedlots (1)**

Drs. Morris and Du Preez

#### **Laboratory reports (6)**

Dr. Marijke Henton - Vetdiagnostix, Johannesburg  
Dr. Liza du Plessis – Idexx SA - Johannesburg  
Dr. Rick Last – Vetdiagnostix, Pietermaritzburg  
Dr. Annelie Cloete - Stellenbosch, Elsenburg  
Dr. Sophette Gers – Pathcare, Cape Town  
Dr. Mark Chimes – Dairy Standards, George

## **Summary**

A summary of the most important diseases and conditions that were reported during the month of May:

#### **Internal parasites:**

Wireworm infestations in small stock were reported from all provinces. There is a perception by many farmers that roundworms are not a problem during the winter. By using the **Five Point Check** (nose, mucous membrane colour of the eye, bottle jaw, body condition score, dag score) in a number of animals, with visible eartags, an assessment can be made whether internal parasites are causing problems. It can then be decided whether all animals should be checked. A decision is then made if only individual animals or the whole flock are to be treated. Resistance of parasites to anthelmintics is rife and farmers should contact their veterinarian to decide and maybe test (faecal egg count reduction test) which active(s) are still controlling the internal parasites present on the farm.

Beware of liver fluke and conical fluke infestations when moving animals into vlei camps, or camps with open water sources, as the intermediate hosts of these devastating infestations are water snails.

Protozoal parasites, *Coccidia* and *Cryptosporidium* were also reported from most provinces. These parasites damage the lining of the intestine and pathogenic *E. coli* enter the body leading to huge mortalities. Halofuginone, the drug for the control of cryptosporidiosis is out of stock due to this disease being a world wide problem. Hopefully the drug will be available in the third quarter.

Contact your veterinarian immediately if you suspect cryptosporidiosis and pathogenic *E. coli* are causing mortalities in your calves or lambs.

#### **External parasites**

During May veterinarians reported tick infestations from many areas. As these parasites transmit numerous diseases farmers should be proactive in controlling parasite damage and diseases in their areas.

#### **Tick transmitted diseases**

The following tick transmitted diseases were reported from most provinces: African red water, Asiatic red water, anaplasmosis, heartwater and lumpy skin disease. Sweating sickness caused by the toxin of the bont-legged tick was reported from three provinces. Important to know that the inner ear of cattle should be checked for the immature stages of the multi-host ticks and spot treated if necessary. Consult your veterinarian on tick control programmes.

### **Insect transmittable diseases**

High prevalence of lumpy skin disease, ephemeral fever, blue tongue and African horse sickness were recorded. Viruses can not be treated by antibiotics and symptomatic treatment is given to animals. Update your vaccination programme with your veterinarian. No cases of Rift Valley fever were reported

### **Venerial diseases**

Trichomonosis, vibriosis (Bulls) and pizzle (rams) diseases cause huge economic losses to farmers. For your own sake control these diseases by having your bulls and rams tested for these diseases. Vendor declarations when buying bulls and rams should be demanded in all cases when buying animals. Biosecurity measures should be in place at all times. Gates and fences have to be checked daily. One bull jumping or breaking through a fence could lead to huge economic losses.

### **Bacterial diseases**

Most bacterial diseases can be controlled by preventative vaccination! The following bacterial diseases were reported: blackquarter, botulism, pulpy kidney, lamb dysentery, swelled head, red gut, blood gut, uterine gangrene, tetanus (all clostridial diseases); salmonellosis, bovine brucellosis, ovine brucellosis, Johne's disease, septicaemia, *E. coli*, enzootic abortion and pasteurellosis. Worrying is that the bacteria *Klebsiella* was also isolated.

### **Viral diseases**

Snotsiekte outbreaks occurred in 8 provinces. There is no vaccine at present for this deadly disease. Address the problem with your neighbours where the wildebeest associated strain of the virus is the problem. Wildebeest shed the virus when they are under stress.

Other viral diseases that were reported included BVD and EBL (immune suppression), IBR, BRSV, PI 3, EBL, Jaagsiekte, Rota and Corona viruses, Orf and Warts.

Ringworm (fungus) was reported from 6 provinces.

Besnoitiosis (elephant skin disease) was reported from three provinces.

Toxicities that were reported are: ink berry, tulip, facial eczema, *Lantana*, prussic acid, geeldikkop, Datura, Kikuyu, mycotoxicosis, water contamination, nitrate, urea, snake bite, blue green algae and copper.

## **Nutritional deficiencies**

Sufficient roughage is a severe constraint.

The following deficiencies were reported: energy, protein and calcium.

Micro-nutritional and vitamin deficiencies were reported. Selenium deficiency was reported from 6 provinces.

## **Multifactorial conditions**

A few conditions that were reported should be highlighted: abortions, stillbirths, abscesses, urolithiasis, blindness, bloat, blue udder, diarrhoea, epididymitis, eye infections, joint ill, lameness, pneumonia, mastitis, navel ill, torsion of the gut, trauma and downers.

## **Metabolic diseases**

Animals having access to grains without adapting them first suffered from acidosis. Ketosis, domsiekte, milk fever and displacement of the abomasum were reported.

## **Reproductive diseases**

The following were reported: dystocia, metritis, poor conception, retained afterbirth, sheath prolaps, uterine and vaginal prolapse

**Environmental conditions:** Cold, lightning and drought are major issues.

For detailed reports visit [www.ruvasa.co.za](http://www.ruvasa.co.za) and click on disease reporting

## **Game**

**Theileriosis** – 23 naïve buffalo introduced into Corridor Disease controlled area. Eight have died from Theileriosis

**BVD** - Buffalo tested positive on immunochemistry

## **Horses**

Numerous horses died due to **African Horse Sickness**

## **Swine**

A swine fever outbreak, a State controlled disease, was reported in the Heilbron, Free State, region.

Draft Veterinary Procedural Notice for Swine Fever

<https://www.nda.agric.za/vetweb/pamphlets&Information/Policy/DRAFT%20African%20Swine%20Fever%20VPN%20for%20consultation%202018-05.pdf>

## Bovine Brucellosis

Although we have made positive steps in controlling Bovine brucellosis, the model disease stated in the Veterinary Strategy, we as a country is far from achieving our goal!

**If farmers will just comply by vaccinating their animals against brucellosis, according to law, the incidence of brucellosis will drop dramatically as shedding of bacteria will drop!**

Many farmers are still shrugging their shoulders and saying: "Why should I test my animals as it will only cost me money and what if there are positive animals? My farm will be placed under quarantine, so I am not going to test my animals!"

Dr. Trudie Prinsloo a veterinarian and legal advisor has compiled legal aspects regarding brucellosis control and it is VERY IMPORTANT that you should avail yourself with the content of this document.

It is available in English and Afrikaans.

## Legal Aspects of Brucellosis Control

### Introduction

The main purpose of the Animal Diseases Act, No. 35 of 1984 ("the Act") is to control important and dangerous animal diseases. The Act and its Regulations have general control measures relevant to all diseases but also have specific control measures for certain diseases, such as brucellosis.

### Livestock owners must inform certain people of presence of disease

Section 11 of the Act determines that livestock owners must take reasonable steps to prevent their animals from becoming infected and to prevent the spread of disease. This means that an owner is not allowed to knowingly buy infected animals and bring them into his herd. Where treatment is possible and

available owners are also obliged to treat infected animals. An owner who suspects that his animals are infected with a controlled disease must report it to the local responsible state veterinarian.

The Regulations also stipulates that an owner who becomes aware of the presence of a controlled disease in his livestock must inform the following groups of people:

all his neighbours;

all prospective buyers;

all buyers who had bought animals from him within the preceding 30 days.

This is the case even if the disease has not been confirmed yet but is suspected.

### **Precautionary measures that are legally required**

Table 2 of the Animal Diseases Regulations determines that all heifers between 4 and 8 months of age must be vaccinated once with an effective vaccine for brucellosis (currently the only approved vaccines available are Strain 19 and RB51). Strain 19 may only be used in heifers between 4 and 8 months of age and it may not be repeated. Follow-up vaccinations with RB51 in female animals may be done, but only with the written permission of the responsible state veterinarian. No bulls may be vaccinated, regardless of their age.

Animals may only be tested by a state veterinarian or official or a private veterinarian. It is not compulsory to test all cattle at this stage, but it is highly recommended, and it might become a legal requirement in the future. In specific circumstances the Director of Veterinary Services may compel an owner to test his animals.

### **Requirements for a positive herd**

If there are any animals that test positive, the laboratory must immediately inform the responsible state veterinarian and if the tests were requested by a private veterinarian, he will also be informed of the results. The state veterinarian will then place the farm under quarantine which means that no susceptible or infected animals may be moved from the farm without the permission of the state veterinarian. A quarantine notice will be given which will contain all the requirements that the owner will have to adhere to. The requirements in the quarantine notice may differ depending on the situation.

Every owner also has a duty to isolate infected and contact animals and keep them in isolation as soon as he becomes aware of the presence or suspected presence of brucellosis in his herd. An owner that removes his animals knowing that there are positive animals on his farm, commits an offence in terms of the Act, even if he has not been placed under quarantine by the state veterinarian yet.

All contact animals must also be tested by an official or authorized person. Animals which test negative may be vaccinated for brucellosis with the written permission of the state veterinarian.

Positive cattle must be branded with a "C" mark on the right side of their necks. Such animals may only be slaughtered with the written permission of the state veterinarian and at an approved abattoir. Animals may only be moved to the abattoir under cover of a Red Cross permit and may only be moved to the

specific abattoir indicated on the permit. Under no circumstances may such animals be sold to any other person or at any other place and a person that does that is guilty of an offence in terms of the Act.

An owner must minimize contact with animals in isolation and only allow persons responsible for the care of the animals and officials responsible for implementing the control measures to have access to them.

Milk from cows that are infected or suspected to be infected with brucellosis may not be used for any purpose unless it has been boiled, pasteurized or sterilized.

The owner also has a duty to disinfect the area where the infected animals had been kept with an effective disinfectant and this includes the vehicles on which such animals were transported. Any equipment that has been potentially infected must also be disinfected in the prescribed manner.

Where any control measures have been performed on the animals, the owner must keep the proof thereof. This includes proof of vaccinations. Where the control measures had been done by an official or private veterinarian, the owner should request a certificate which contains the details of such measures. If an owner had performed some of the measures personally, proof can be provided by way of an affidavit accompanied by empty container and proof of purchase where relevant.

### **Role of the State Veterinary Services**

Both National and Provincial Veterinary Services are mandated to implement and enforce the Act. They can compel an owner to have his animals tested if there is a suspicion that they might be infected. Owners who refuse to cooperate or comply with the requirements can be served with an order which compels him to take certain steps within a required period. They also have the power to enter a property or vehicle in order to conduct an inspection. If an owner, or someone acting on behalf of the owner transgress the Act, criminal charges can be made. In special circumstances, officials may even take control over a property in order to control a disease, whilst the costs of the control measures will be for the owner's account. State Veterinary Services will however only do this in extreme circumstances and always attempt to get the owner's cooperation first.

### **Voluntary test programmes**

The Bovine Brucellosis Scheme (R.2483 of 9 Dec 1988) is currently enforced. There is also an interim manual for the control of bovine brucellosis available, which has been compiled by the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries. Since the bovine brucellosis control policy is currently under revision, further details will not be discussed here.

### **Conclusion**

It is important to remember that the Act aims at protecting the national herd, as well as humans against serious diseases such as brucellosis. All the control measures have been put in place for the purpose of this aim and not to punish people. Simply by following the principles of disease control and prevention, it should be easy to remain within the framework of the Act.

Compiled by: Dr Trudie Prinsloo Van Der Heever, veterinarian and legal advisor  
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Issued by: Brucellosis Steering Committee of the National Animal Health Forum

## **Wetlike Aspekte van Brusellose Beheer**

### **Inleiding**

Die hoofdoel van die Wet op Dieresiektes, No 35 van 1984 ("die Wet") is om belangrike en gevaaarlike dieresiektes te beheer. Hierdie Wet en die Regulasies daaronder bevat algemene bepalings maar stipuleer ook spesifieke beheermaatreëls vir seker dieresiektes soos brucellose.

### **Vee Eienaars moet sekere mense inlig oor siektes**

Artikel 11 van die Wet bepaal dat vee eienaars alle redelike stappe moet neem om siektes en parasiete in hulle diere te voorkom en die verspreiding daarvan te verhoed. Dit beteken dat 'n eienaar nie willens en wetens besmette diere mag aankoop en tussen sy ander vee inbring nie. Eienaars is ook verplig om diere te behandel indien hulle wel besmet word waar behandeling moontlik en toelaatbaar is. Indien 'n vee eienaar vermoed dat sy diere 'n beheerde siekte het, is hy verplig om dit onmiddellik by die verantwoordelike staatsveearts aan te meld.

Die Regulasies bepaal verder dat 'n eienaar die voorkoms van 'n beheerde siekte moet bekend maak aan die volgende groepe mense:

al sy bure;

alle voornemende kopers;

kopers wat die voorafgaande 30 dae diere by hom gekoop het.

Dis belangrik om daarop te let dat dit ook geld selfs al word die siekte slegs nog vermoed.

### **Voorkomende maatreëls wat wetlik vereis word**

Tabel 2 van die Dieresiektes Regulasies bepaal dat alle verse tussen die ouderdom van 4 en 8 maande eenmalig ingeënt moet word met 'n effektiewe entstof vir brucellose (tans is die enigste twee entstowwe wat goedgekeur is Stam 19 en RB51). Stam 19 mag slegs in verse tussen 4 en 8 maande oud gebruik word en mag nie herhaal word nie. Opvolginentings met RB51 in vroulike diere is wel toelaatbaar indien die verantwoordelike staatsveearts skriftelik toestemming gee daarvoor. Bulle mag nie ingeënt word nie, ongeag hulle ouderdom.

Diere mag slegs getoets word deur 'n staatsveearts of - beampte of deur 'n privaatveearts. Dit is nie op die oomblik verpligtend dat alle beeste getoets moet word nie, maar dit word aanbeveel en mag moontlik

in die toekoms vereis word. In spesifieke gevalle mag die Direkteur van Veeartsenydienste wel 'n eienaar verplig om sy diere te laat toets.

### **Vereistes vir 'n positiewe kudde**

Indien enige diere positief toets moet die laboratorium die verantwoordelike staatsveearts dadelik inlig. As 'n privaatveearts die toetse aangevra het sal die veearts ook ingelig word. Die staatsveearts sal die plaas onder kwarantyn plaas, wat beteken dat geen vatbare of besmette diere sonder toestemming van die staatsveearts van die plaas verwijder mag word nie. Die kwarantyn kennisgewing bevat die vereistes waaraan die eienaar moet voldoen en moet streng nagekom word. Dit mag effens ----- verskil van geval tot geval en hang af van die spesifieke situasie.

Elke eienaar het self ook 'n plig om alle besmette en kontak diere te isolateer en in isolasie te hou sodra hy bewus word van brucellose in sy kudde of selfs net van 'n vermoede daarvan. 'n Eienaar wat sy diere verwijder wetende dat daar positiewe diere is, oortree die Wet selfs al was hy nie onder kwarantyn geplaas nie.

Alle kontakdiere moet ook getoets word deur 'n beampte of gemagtigde persoon. Diere wat negatief toets mag met die skriftelike toestemming van die verantwoordelike staatsveearts geënt word teen brucellose.

Alle positiewe beeste moet gebrandmerk word met 'n "C" op hulle regter nek. Sulke diere mag alleenlik met die skriftelike toestemming van die staatsveearts geslag of verwijder word na 'n goedgekeurde abattoir. Diere kan net na 'n abattoir vervoer word met 'n Rooikruispermit en mag slegs na die spesifieke abattoir, wat op die permit aangedui is, gevat word. Sulke diere mag onder geen omstandighede aan enige ander persoon of op enige ander plek verkoop word of van kant gemaak word nie, en 'n persoon wat dit doen, oortree die Wet en dit is 'n strafbare handeling.

Die eienaar moet toegang tot diere, wat in isolasie aangehou word, beperk. Slegs persone wat verantwoordelik is vir die versorging van die diere en beampies wat beheermaatreëls moet toepas, mag toegang tot sulke diere hê.

Melk van diere wat met brucellose besmet is (of vermoedelik besmet is) mag glad nie vir enige doel gebruik word nie tensy dit gekook, gepasteuriseer of gesteriliseer is.

Daar rus ook 'n verpligting op die eienaar om die plek waar 'n besmette dier aangehou is, en die voertuig waarop so 'n dier vervoer is, te ontsmet met 'n effektiewe ontsmettingsmiddel. Enige toerusting, wat potensieel besmet is, moet ook op die voorgeskrewe manier ontsmet word.

Bewys van enige beheermaatreëls, wat op die diere toegepas is, moet deur die eienaar gehou word. Dit sluit bewys van inentings in. Indien dit deur 'n beampte of veearts gedoen word, moet die eienaar daardie persoon vra vir 'n sertifikaat waarop die besonderhede daarvan aangedui word. Indien dit deur die eienaar self gedoen is, moet hy bewys daarvan lewer deur middel van 'n beëdigde verklaring wat ook vergesel word van die leë houers en bewys van aankoop, waar die beheermaatreël die gebruik van middels insluit.

## **Rol van die Staat**

Dis is Nasionale en Proviniale Veeartsenydienste se mandaat om die Wet toe te pas. Hulle kan 'n eienaar verplig om sy diere te toets indien daar 'n vermoede is dat die diere besmet mag wees. Waar eienaars met verdagte of positiewe diere nie saamwerk nie, kan beampetes 'n bevelskrif beteken op die eienaar wat hom verplig om sekere stappe binne 'n bepaalde tydperk te neem. Hulle het ook die mag om 'n perseel of voertuig te betree en inspeksies uit te voer. Indien 'n eienaar, of iemand wat namens die eienaar optree, die Wet oortree, kan daar kriminale klagtes gelê word teen die betrokke eienaar en persoon. In uiterste omstandighede mag beampetes selfs beheer oor 'n perseel oorneem om siektebeheer uit te oefen, terwyl die kostes steeds vir die eienaar se rekening sal wees. Die staat poog egter altyd eers om die samewerking van die eienaar te kry en sal hierdie stappe slegs neem in hoogs uitsonderlike gevalle.

## **Vrywillige toetsprogramme**

Die Beesbrucelloseskema (R.2483 of 9 Dec 1988) word tans afgedwing. Daar is tans ook 'n Interim handleiding vir brucellosebeheer beskikbaar, wat deur die Departement Landbou, Bosbou en Visserye opgestel is. Aangesien die Beesbrucellose beheerbeleid tans onder hersiening is, sal verdere besonderhede nie hier bespreek word nie.

## **Samevatting**

Dit is belangrik om te onthou dat die bepalings van die Wet daar is om die nasionale kudde te beskerm, maar ook om mense teen ernstige siektes te beskerm. Alle beheermaatreëls is in plek gebring om hierdie doelwitte te bereik en nie om as strafmaatreëls te dien nie. As mens net die beginsels van siektebeheer en siektevoorkoming navolg en alle nodige partye so spoedig moontlik inlig oor die teenwoordigheid van 'n beheerde siekte, behoort dit maklik te wees om binne die raamwerk van die Wet op te tree.

Saamgestel deur: Dr. Trudie Prinsloo Van Der Heever, veearts enregsadviseur  
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Uitgereik deur: Brucellosestuurkomitee van die Nationale Dieregesondheidsforum

**When buying cattle this Vendor declaration can help you to minimize risk!**

### **VENDOR DECLARATION BOVINE BRUCELLOSIS**

I hereby declare that I am the legal owner or authorised representative of the cattle on sale and am competent to make this declaration

1	The cattle for sale are clearly and permanently identified		Yes	No
2	The cattle for sale/slaughter were born on my farm		Yes	No
3	The farm has a closed herd policy i.e. I do not buy in cattle, rent out grazing or speculate with cattle		Yes	No
4	I practice bio-security on my farm to a level that is **	Poor	Moderate	Good
5	I vaccinate my heifer calves against Bovine Brucellosis once between the ages of 4 – 8 months		Yes	No
6	In addition, I vaccinate my cattle older than 8 months with RB51		Yes	No
7	I have all the cattle on my farm tested for Bovine Brucellosis		Yes (date)	No
8	My herd has been tested negative within the past year		Yes	No
9	I did not buy in cattle since my last negative brucellosis test		Yes	No
10	I/my vet investigates any abortions on my farm		Yes	No
11	To the best of my knowledge, my immediate neighbours and farms in my area are free of Bovine Brucellosis		Yes	No
12	I use a veterinarian to advise me on my cattle's herd health		Yes	No
13	The cattle handling facilities on my farm are	Poor	Average	Good

Note: Vaccination does not mean freedom from Bovine Brucellosis as cattle can still be carriers  
 Please attach the most recent *Brucella* blood test certificate

Owner or authorised representative: .....

Signature: .....

Date: .....

**\*\* \* Biosecurity**

Poor – speculates with cattle, does not vaccinate, poor fences, cattle come into contact with other cattle

Medium – Vaccinates heifers, does not buy in cattle of unknown health status

Good – closed herd/never buys in cattle, vaccinates heifers and no contact with other cattle, follows a herd health plan as advised by his veterinarian, does not allow transport trucks onto property, washes and disinfects truck after returning from the abattoir or auction grounds.

Compiled by: Dr. Sewellyn Davey, Chairman of the Brucellosis Steering committee of the National Animal Health Forum

## **OVINE JOHNE'S DISEASE VENDOR DECLARATION**

### **ON THE SALE OF SHEEP**

**(Updated Draft May 2015)**

1. I hereby declare that I am the owner or authorised representative of the sheep on sale and am competent to make this declaration.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
2. The sheep for sale are clearly identified in the accompanying description.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
3. The sheep for sale were born on my farm.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
4. The farm has a closed flock policy. (No live sheep are brought onto the farm from elsewhere)	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
5. I know the signs of the disease and to the best of my knowledge, all of my properties are free of cases of Ovine Johne's Disease.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
6. I have actively looked for Ovine Johne's Disease and have had tests done for this.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
7. To the best of my knowledge, my immediate neighbours and farms in my magisterial district of my farm(s) are free of cases of Ovine Johne's Disease.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
8. The sheep on my properties have been vaccinated against Ovine Johne's Disease and are clearly marked with the approved ear tag.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
9. All lambs born are vaccinated	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
10. If vaccinated, the number of years that the vaccinations have been done is	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>years</b>

**NOTE:** Vaccination does not mean freedom from OJD, vaccinated animals can still be carriers.  
Statement 8 and 9 apply only to already infected flocks, and such sheep can only be sold to other infected flocks by law.  
Buyers should consult their veterinary advisor before any purchases.

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

Farm: \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER OR AUTHORIZED  
REPRESENTATIVE

District: \_\_\_\_\_

The use of this declaration is supported by the following organisations:



UNIVERSITY OF PRETORIA  
UNIVERSITY OF PRETORIA



# SOP for the control of Bovine Brucellosis

Audit date: \_\_\_\_\_

Authorised person: \_\_\_\_\_

		Y/N	Comment
<b>1</b>	Fences and gates in good condition		
<b>2</b>	Gate control - log in		
<b>3</b>	Disinfection of vehicles coming onto the farm		
<b>4</b>	Protective clothing and boots given to people visiting the farm (cattle area) coming from high risk areas eg. veterinarians, nutritionists, representatives, truck drivers, workers, etc.		
<b>5</b>	Sterilizing equipment coming in contact with cattle		
<b>6</b>	Run off water/ streams from neighbouring farms		
<b>7</b>	All animals identified with a brand mark and ear tag		
<b>8</b>	Data base of all animals		
<b>9</b>	Closed herd		
<b>10</b>	When last were animals bought in or moved from another farm?		
<b>11</b>	Only buy in animals from a farm which has a recent negative tested brucellosis herd certificate		
<b>12</b>	Origin(s) of acquired cattle? Bought at an auction?		
<b>13</b>	Keep heifers separate from herd until they have calved and tested negative for brucellosis		
<b>14</b>	Quarantine camp available		
<b>15</b>	Separate calving camps		
<b>16</b>	Were all heifers vaccinated between 4 and 8 months vaccinated with Strain 19 or RB51?		
<b>17</b>	Any cattle vaccinated with Strain 19 over 8 months of age? History over last few years.		
<b>18</b>	Were there any abortions on the farm – samples taken, diagnosis?		
<b>19</b>	All sexually mature cattle in herd tested for bovine brucellosis (provide proof)		

<b>20</b>	Bovine brucellosis is a State controlled disease. Positive cattle are branded with a C on the right side of the neck.		
<b>21</b>	Isolation of infected animals & separate handling facilities		
<b>22</b>	Prohibition of movement of animals off quarantined property except under cover of a Red cross permit for slaughter at an abattoir		
<b>23</b>	Prohibition of use and on-farm disposal of unboiled, unpasteurised or unsterilised milk on quarantined property		
<b>24</b>	Disinfection of places where infection is a possibility.		
<b>25</b>	Neighbours/ recent buyers informed of infected herd status		
<b>26</b>	Fly, crow and predator control		
<b>27</b>	Destruction of afterbirths/abortions in a responsible manner		
<b>28</b>	Beware of livestock, game interface		

Websites that are there to help you with information regarding animal health:

## National Animal Health Forum

[www.nahf.co.za](http://www.nahf.co.za)

Read what the Forum is all about:

<http://nahf.co.za/about/>

This website will become the information centre of animal health in Southern Africa.

On the toolbar click on **Stakeholders** and you will find links to producer organizations and other organizations who are participating in the NAHF

<http://nahf.co.za/stakeholders/>

Provincial Animal Health Forums have their own site – click on **Provinces** <http://nahf.co.za/provinces/>

Important is to study the Veterinary Strategy (2016 -2026) as it gives direction to where we are going with Animal Health in South Africa.

<http://nahf.co.za/wp-content/uploads/Vet-strategy-final-signed.pdf>

Click on **Info centre** for more information on the “war” we have against Bovine Brucellosis. Please be up to date on the role all have to play to control this zoonotic disease.

<http://nahf.co.za/category/diseases/brucellosis/>

Information on other controlled diseases (Ovine Johne's Disease, Pest of small stock – PPR, and African Horse Sickness) is available.

This link will continuously be updated.

Information on **antibiotic resistance** is also available at this address:  
<http://nahf.co.za/category/antibiotic-resistance/>

## Rural Veterinary Association of South Africa

[www.ruvasa.co.za](http://www.ruvasa.co.za)

Click on **Disease reporting** where maps and information can be sourced on the prevalence of diseases in all provinces. Abattoir reports are available. Use the information available to update management programmes

## Landbouweekblad's webpage

[www.landbou.com](http://www.landbou.com)

[Kundiges](#)

[Vra vir Fappa](#)

[Lees alle antwoorde](#)

[Beeste](#)

[Siektes](#)

[Brusellose](#)

The following can be typed in the “Soekblokkie”

Stop Brusellose

Gevaar om Beesbrusellose (BBR) deur vendusies en skoue te versprei

Rapportering aan bure of ander eienaars oor die voorkoms van brusellose

Inligting oor brusellose op die NAHF se webblad

Kuddebestuur voor die dekseisoen

Bees Brusellose handleiding

Teenliggaamwaardes om beesbrusellose in koeie te bepaal

Veterinêre Strategie 2016 -2026

'n Dosyn dinge wat jy moet weet van beesbrusellose

Vyf kernfeite wat jy van beesbrusellose (Besmetlike misgeboorte – BM) behoort te weet

Veiligheid van vleis en biltong afkomstig van 'n bees met brusellose

Vervoer van diere uit 'n positiewe brusellose kudde

Beheer van brusellose in 'n beeskudde  
Boerderypraktyke wat die gevaar van die voorkoms van brusellose verhoog  
Pak brusellose by die horings  
Brucellose kan jou lewe verwoes  
Brusellose in wild  
Bestuur van positiewe besmetlike misgeboorte beeste  
Aankoop van beeste wat besmetlike misgeboorte het  
Antwoorde oor brusellose  
Behandeling van besmetlike misgeboorte  
Besmetlike misgeboorte uitbreek in 'n kudde  
Gevaar van brusellose onderskat  
RB51-inenting teen brusellose in dragtige koeie  
Alles oor Besmetlike Misgeboorte (BM)  
Kompensasie vir BM en TB positiewe beeste?  
Nóg vrae oor besmetlike misgeboorte  
Koeie positief getoets vir besmetlike misgeboorte  
Vrae, antwoorde oor besmetlike misgeboorte  
Brucellose: Wat staan ons te doen?

## **Internal parasite control**

[www.wormx.info](http://www.wormx.info)

## **Summary of disease report for May 2019**

123 Reports from veterinary practices and laboratories were received (Mpumalanga (MP) 13; Gauteng (G) 6; Limpopo (L) 5; Northwest (NW) 13; Free State (FS) 22; KwaZulu-Natal (KZN) 13; Eastern Cape (EC) 16; Western Cape (WC) 20; Northern Cape (NC) 8; Feedlots (FL) 1 and Laboratories (Lab) 5).

### **Key message**

**Farm gates, Fences and Foresight, the 3 F's!**

**Bear this in mind as this is where most disease-causing organisms enter or exit farms!**

**Major examples are: Foot and mouth disease, brucellosis, Johne's disease, TB, cryptosporidiosis, trichomonosis, vibriosis, sheep scab, resistant parasites such as red lice, blue ticks and internal parasites (Buyer beware programmes).**

**Insist on VENDOR'S DECLARATIONS when buying animals.**

## Quarantine

## Immunization programmes

**Speak to your veterinarian**

**Abide the law- vaccinate cattle against anthrax (outbreak in Lesotho) and heifers against brucellosis!**

**On one farm tested for brucellosis 64 animals were positive on first bleeding!**

**47 heifers died when fertilizer containing urea was mixed into a feed ration.**

**READ LABELS AND MAKE DOUBLE SURE WHEN USING CHEMICALS AND**

DRUGS!!!!

**For the detailed report and previous reports go to [www.ruvasa.co.za](http://www.ruvasa.co.za) and click on Disease reporting**

## Internal parasites

**The following reports were received from practices regarding internal parasite infestations:**

Nodularworm								
Lungworm								
Eyeworm								
<i>Parafilaria</i>					X		X	X
Tapeworms				X	X		X	
Liver fluke	X			X	X	X	X	
Conical fluke	X			X	X	X	X	
Cysticercosis (measles)		X					X	
Schistosomiasis (bilharzia)								
Coccidiosis	X	X		X	X	X	X	X
Cryptosporidiosis		X		X	X	X	X	

Internal parasite outbreaks have been reported from all provinces. Use the five point check to keep on top of what is happening in the flock. For further detail contact your local veterinarian. Treatment is but one of many actions in the holistic management approach to control internal parasites.



Holistic internal  
parasite manageme

<http://hulp.landbou.com/kundiges/vra-vir-fappa/vyfpuntplan-en-famacha-stelsel-vir-inwendige-parasietbestuur-in-skape/>

[https://docs.wixstatic.com/ugd/aded98\\_cb447e77eef6450f93a2b23cb0e6b9de.pdf](https://docs.wixstatic.com/ugd/aded98_cb447e77eef6450f93a2b23cb0e6b9de.pdf)

[www.wormx.info](http://www.wormx.info)

Serious problems due to diarrhoea in lambs and calves were received from many areas. In many instances *Cryptosporidium* and pathogenic strains of *E. coli* were involved. Consult your veterinarian for help!

[https://www.google.co.za/search?hl=en&tbm=isch&source=hp&biw=1344&bih=608&ei=PyxyXOO7OcutkwXinK3oCA&q=cryptosporidium+parvum&oq=Cryptosporidium&gs\\_l=img.1.1.0l10.2885.9850..16402...0.0..0.708.5719.2-4j4j3j2j1.....0....1..gws-wiz-img.....0.o66yefU7Ric](https://www.google.co.za/search?hl=en&tbm=isch&source=hp&biw=1344&bih=608&ei=PyxyXOO7OcutkwXinK3oCA&q=cryptosporidium+parvum&oq=Cryptosporidium&gs_l=img.1.1.0l10.2885.9850..16402...0.0..0.708.5719.2-4j4j3j2j1.....0....1..gws-wiz-img.....0.o66yefU7Ric)

## **Prevention of Cryptosporidiosis**

Since there is no vaccine or registered treatment for *Cryptosporidium*, prevention is the best control method. Animals with a good immune system will generally easily overcome *Cryptosporidium* thus this must be the main aim in controlling *Cryptosporidium*.

A consistent, vet approved and farm appropriate vaccination program for other diseases.

Ensure no nutritional deficiencies especially vitamin A and Selenium

Excellent bio-security

Ensure clean pathogen free water sources

Hygiene training of personnel

Consult your veterinarian

## **External parasites**

The following reports were received from practices regarding external parasite infestations:

External parasites	MP	G	L	NW	FS	KZN	EC	WC	NC
Blue ticks	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	
Resistant blue ticks					x				
Heartwater ticks	x	x		x		x			
Brown ear-ticks	x			x		x			
Bont-legged ticks	x	x		x	x		x	x	x
Red-legged ticks	x			x	x	x			
Paralysis ticks					x		x		
Tampans									
Biting lice				x	x				
Sucking lice								x	x
Itch mites									
Sheep scab					x		x		
Mange mites	x				x				
Nuisance flies	x				x	x		x	

<b>Midges</b>	X			X	X	X		X
<b>Mosquitoes</b>				X	X	X		
<b>Blowflies</b>	X	X			X			
<b>Screw-worm</b>							X	
<b>Gedoelstia (uitpeuloogsiekte)</b>								
<b>Nasal bot</b>					X			X

Increase in tick infestations were reported from most provinces. Blue ticks (African and Asiatic blue ticks) are able to transmit red water, anaplasmosis and lumpy skin disease.

**Make sure to assess the blue tick resistance status on your farm before buying tickicides. Your veterinarian will be able to collect engorged blue ticks to be tested for resistance.**

Actives to be tested for resistance are: organophosphates, pyrethroids, amidines, fipronil. Actives registered only for controlling blue ticks are: macrocyclic lactones, fluazuron (acaricide growth regulator).

**Discuss your tick control programme with your veterinarian. Below is a list of diseases transmitted by ticks.**

## **Tick borne diseases**

**The following tick-borne diseases were reported by practices in the provinces:**

**Asiatic red water (8 provinces) is spreading and is one of the deadliest diseases in cattle.**

**Numerous mortalities were reported!**

**The keyword is **vaccinate** your animals! Contact your veterinarian.**

Anaplasmosis outbreaks were reported in 8 provinces. Biting flies are probably the main spreader of this disease!

**The following tick toxicosis was reported by practices in the provinces:**

Tick toxicosis	MP	G	L	NW	FS	KZN	EC	WC	NC
Sweating sickness				x	x				x

This disease is caused by the toxin of the bont legged-tick.

## Insect transmittable diseases

**The following insect transmittable diseases were reported by practices in the provinces:**

Insect transmittable diseases	MP	G	L	NW	FS	KZN	EC	WC	NC
Lumpy skin disease	x		x	x	x	x			
Ephemeral fever (Three-day-stiff sickness)	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	
Blue tongue	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	
Rift Valley Fever									
Wesselsbron									
Nagana						x			

**Insect transmittable diseases will decrease as frost occurs and insect numbers decrease.**

## Venerial diseases

**The following venereal diseases were reported by practices in the provinces:**

## Venereal diseases

Trichomonosis	x			x	x	x	x		
Vibriosis	x			x	x	x	x	x	
Pizzle disease							x		
<i>Actinobacillus seminis</i> plus HPA									

New cases of **trichomonosis** are reported every month and this disease is out of control. **Make sure to buy bulls from farmers where biosecurity measures are in place and bulls are tested for these diseases at regular intervals. Trichomonosis were reported from 5 provinces.**

Make sure that fences are in tact and gates closed so that bulls cannot escape to neighbouring cows that may be infected with *Tritrichomonas* and become infected or infected neighbouring bulls are jumping fences.

Cattle study groups should discuss preventative and control measures with their veterinarians. **Be sure to test bulls regularly for these diseases.**

**Beware when buying in or sharing bulls! Remember female animals may also be infected.**

**Study the Good management SOP's for cattle farmers on the RPO website**

<http://www.rpo.co.za/wp-content/uploads/2016/04/nuutRPO-NERPO-Code-Addendum.pdf>

<http://www.rpo.co.za/wp-content/uploads/2016/04/nuutRPO-NERPO-Code-Addendum-4-Good-management-practices-and-SOPs-for-cattle-farmers-1.pdf>

**Consider Trichomonosis as an area disease, farmers should work together to keep areas free from diseases such as trichomonosis, brucellosis and sheep scab.**

## **Bacterial diseases**

The following bacterial diseases were reported by practices in the provinces:

Bacterial diseases	MP	G	L	NW	FS	KZN	EC	WC	NC
Anthrax									
Blackquarter	x			x	x	x	x	x	x
Botulism			x	x				x	x
Pulpy kidney	x	x		x	x		x	x	



<b>Uterine gangrene</b>				x			x	
<b>Wooden tongue</b>								
<b>Lumpy jaw</b>								

Multiclostridial vaccines should be used if blackquarter outbreaks still occur when only using a vaccine containing *Clostridium chauvoei*. Remember to give a booster vaccine when using an inactivate vaccine for the first time. **Read the packet insert!!** Study the table above and determine the risk for animals on your farm.

Get advice from your veterinarian on *Cryptosporidium/E. coli* outbreaks in your area and what to do to prevent losses in lambs and calves.

**Enzootic abortion contributes to the disappearance of foetuses in sheep and goats scanned pregnant.  
Vaccinate replacement ewes with the live vaccine before putting them to the ram!**

Pulpy kidney (*Clostridium perfringens* type D – *epsilon* toxin) is still the biggest killer of sheep. There are various factors that could lead to pulpy kidney such as: the intestinal tract stops functioning (stasis), sudden change from poor veld to lush artificial pastures; sudden change in diet; grazing of fodder crops such as lucerne, green wheat and green oats, diet high in protein, overeating of concentrates or fertile pastures, deworming and coccidiosis infection. Sudden changes in the weather and grazing in wilted pastures, may also play a predispositional role.

**Be sure to vaccinate animals against botulism especially if chicken litter is going to be fed to animals during the winter season.**

**Challenging farmer's unions and study groups to eradicate brucellosis in their area!! Many success stories are already received!**

**Ask for vendor's declarations before buying in animals and quarantine them before releasing them onto the farm!!!!**

## Viral diseases

The following viral diseases were reported by practices in the provinces:

Viral diseases	MP	G	L	NW	FS	KZN	EC	WC	NC
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**There is no treatment for viral diseases with the result that animals have to be protected by vaccinations if they are available.**

**Preventative vaccinations are the best way to protect animals against viruses and bacteria causing pneumonia.**

**Keep cattle and wildebeest well separated especially when wildebeest are under stress to prevent snotsiekte outbreaks! There is also a sheep associated form of the disease. Reports received from 7 provinces!**

**Discuss vaccination programmes and biosecurity measures with your veterinarian.**

## Fungal diseases

The following fungal disease was reported by practices in the provinces:

<b>Fungal diseases</b>	<b>MP</b>	<b>G</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>NW</b>	<b>FS</b>	<b>KZN</b>	<b>EC</b>	<b>WC</b>	<b>NC</b>
------------------------	-----------	----------	----------	-----------	-----------	------------	-----------	-----------	-----------

<b>Ringworm</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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## Protozoal diseases

Protozoal diseases	MP	G	L	NW	FS	KZN	EC	WC	NC
Besnoitiosis (olifantsvelsiekte)		x		x		x			

## Toxicities

**The following toxicities were reported by practices in the provinces:**



Diplodiosis								
Lupins								x
Harpuisbos								
Syringa berries								
Acorn								
Cycad								
Kraalbos, Geelbos ( <i>Galenia africana</i> )								
Radish								
Carrot poisoning								
Onion poisoning								
Bracken fern								
Pollen beetle ( <i>Astylus atromaculatus</i> )								
Water contamination		x			x			x
Nitrate					x			x
Tannins								
Urea	x				x	x	x	
Salt					x			
Wet carcase syndrome								x
Snake bite	x			x	x			
Moth cocoons (impaction)								
Blue green algae					x			x
Copper							x	
Selenium								
Zinc								

<b>Fluoride</b>								
<b>Lead</b>								
<b>Paraquat</b>								
<b>Phosamine</b>								
<b>Aldicarb</b>								
<b>Organophosphate</b>								
<b>Zinc phosphide</b>								
<b>Pyrethroid</b>								
<b>Amitraz</b>								
<b>Levamisole</b>								
<b>Ivermectin</b>								
<b>Moxidectin</b>								
<b>Oxytetracycline</b>								
<b>Tilmicosin</b>								
<b>Bromoxynil nitrate</b>								
<b>Ionophor</b>								
<b>Monensin</b>								
<b>Hypo</b>								
<b>Diazinon</b>								
<b>Glyphosate</b>								
<b>Chicken litter</b>								

**Beware when buying in animals or moving them into rested grazing camps as they are the animals which usually eat toxic plants such as tulp and ink berries (*Cestrum*).**

**Do have activated charcoal on the farm as the antidote for tulip poisoning! Toxic plants are sometimes eaten by young animals that do not know these plants. Be aware of this situation and know where these plants are growing on the farm.**

## Nutritional deficiencies

**The following nutritional deficiencies were reported by practices in the provinces:**

Deficiencies	MP	G	L	NW	FS	KZN	EC	WC	NC
Energy	x					x	x	x	x
Protein	x	x					x	x	
Phosphate				x			x		x
Calcium						x		x	

**Nutritional deficiencies were reported. It is important that ewes and cows receive sufficient supplementation so as to have optimal colostrum quality for their offspring!**

**Drought conditions are still present in many areas!**

**Winter is just round the corner, enough roughage?????**

## Livestock production during drought - guidelines

HO de Waal [dewaalho@ufs.ac.za](mailto:dewaalho@ufs.ac.za)

In large parts of the central interior available grazing material is scarce on veld (natural pasture). Prospects for improvement of the poor grazing conditions in the remaining part of summer and winter are not favourable. In addition to current poor grazing conditions, low levels of water in the soil during spring and early summer will also have a negative effect on veld production and livestock. Crops are already affected negatively and therefore crop residues which are usually used as livestock feed will also not be readily available. The current prevailing situation is not good, but can be managed and the following guidelines may help to prevent mortalities and reduce financial losses:

- Ensure that cash flow is maintained judiciously.
- Safeguard the core breeding livestock. Income must be generated again by these females after the drought.
- Where still possible, provide strategic supplementary feeding on veld.
- Reduce the number of livestock that are dependent on feed sources on the farm by selling surplus animal or by temporary removing them from the veld – to a kraal or planted pasture.
- Restrict movement of livestock by confining them to small paddocks with shade trees or other protection from the elements. This provides better control over the quantities of feed provided daily to the animals.
- Ensure that all animals have freely access to clean drinking water.
- Separate the stronger and weaker animals to reduce competition at the feed troughs.
- Prevent thin livestock, especially cattle becoming too emaciated because of poor feeding conditions and lie down.
- Do not feed animals ad lib. over a long period. Ration the feed according to the required production levels, for example survival or maintenance (maintain body mass) or lactation.
- Do not waste feed by throwing it on the ground – use appropriate feed troughs or conveyor belts.
- Provide the rationed feeds every second or third day. Most animals will receive enough feed. It will also reduce competition at the feed troughs.

### **What can be fed?**

The basis for ruminants is roughage, be it on the veld or in the trough. Coarsely ground roughage is always better utilised (less waste) than in the long form. The energy content can be increased with an appropriate source (e.g. ground maize) and balanced with an appropriate crude protein source. The intake of minerals is then balanced according to the requirements of the animals.

- Feed pellets are merely convenient (transport, handling, less waste) but coarsely ground roughage and properly balanced(discussed above) can adequately meet the requirements of animals.
- Restrict the daily intake of salt (NaCl) for sheep to 5-10 g and cattle to 50-60 g.

### **Core herds/flocks**

- Herds/flocks must be grouped according to age and production status. Determine pregnancy in cattle as soon as possible after the current mating season. With sheep and goats, females can be scanned to determine if they carry twins/triplets to adjust their nutrition level.
- In addition to pregnancy, the condition of teeth must also be assessed, especially for older cows and ewes/does. Pregnant cows must still be able to graze until the next calving and specifically be able to wean

the unborn calf. Females with worn teeth can still complete their production in a kraal, but this will have a price tag.

- Create an inventory of all available veld and other feed sources. This information is needed to determine the number of animals that can be maintained until well into the next summer.
- Reduce the number of animals dependent on the feed sources by marketing surplus animals or remove them temporarily from the veld. Note the reproduction record and weaning mass of the progeny of females. In each age class the less productive animals must be culled.
- The principle of “cutting-your-losses” applies and all expenses must be weighed and discounted against expected income over the short to medium term. Caution to sell younger breeding animals at a premium because they are in good condition and pregnant.
- Seek veterinary advice regarding any changes in the internal and external parasite control. General The situation of farmers differ – seek professional advice for assistance with strategic planning. When grazing material on veld is scarce licks will not help – often too much supplementary feeding is provided under such conditions on veld. Determine timely when to remove animals from veld and feed them strategically in small paddocks. Plant material may still be available along roads and can be cut and baled. The cladodes of spineless cactus pears can also be used as a good feed source – whole cladodes for cattle and coarsely chopped for sheep and goats. During droughts we cannot be too choosy about the quality of feed sources which can mean the difference between life and death of livestock. If poor quality roughage such as veld grass hay or crop residues or cactus pear cladodes are available, animal nutritionists can use it as basis to formulate diets to meet the minimum requirements of livestock.

### **The ruminant**

The plant material selected during drought on poor and dry veld contains little crude protein. The digestive system of ruminants and the symbiosis with microbes in the reticulo-rumen offer opportunity to supplement crude protein with a non-protein nitrogen (NPN) source such as feed grade urea. The microbes in the reticulo-rumen break cellulose (fibre) down and produce new nutrients (volatile fatty acids and microbial protein). The complex four compartment “stomach” develop gradually from the suckling phase (basically still monogastric) to that of a physiological mature ruminant. In younger calves and lambs/kids the reticulo-rumen is still in the process of developing. Therefore, it is better to use natural and higher quality protein sources instead of NPN; bypass protein may also be supplied strategically.

### **Supplementary feeding (licks)**

It is important to address some critical questions regarding a supplementary feeding programme:

- What is the aim with the supplementation? Must protein, energy, a combination of protein and energy, or minerals be supplemented? Should animals gain in condition or must dry animals maintain mass (maintenance) or must lactation be supported? Animals in different production phases thus require specific types and quantities of strategic supplementary feeding.
- How can the aim be achieved best? Have the less productive animals been removed to make all grazing available for the remaining livestock? This option is still not used to the best advantage and can make a great contribution to improve the efficacy and also lower the cost of supplementary feeding to the remaining animals.
- Can it be ascertained whether the aim has been reached? Most well-intended programmes to improve animal performance fail in this regard, because the recommended level of supplementation is seldom achieved. Intake of supplementary feeding varies and is affected by feeding space (number of animals/troughs), access to troughs (dominance between animals), level of supplementation and how often the troughs are filled.
- Unless the provision of supplementary feeding is managed, some animals will consume too much while others ingest too little to benefit at all.
- Do not feed animals aimlessly on veld.
- A range of products are available; seek advice from a professional animal nutritionist regarding the options and products to be considered.
- Animals may lose body mass in moderation (10-15%), but then it must take place over a relatively long period and under control of judicious nutrition management.

### **Veld fires**

- Runaway veld fires or accidental fires can change the current precarious drought situation into a real crisis. An area where veld has burnt is practically in a disaster drought situation.
- Make effective fire breaks, especially along roads, around dwellings and ash dumps. Roads are not good fire breaks because the road surface is smooth and embers are easily blown over it by strong wind. Fire also spread easily through culverts.
- Veld fires suppress grass production for about two seasons. Therefore, veld must rest at least one growing season after an accidental fire and at least one growing season before a planned burning of the veld. In closing Production and reproduction of cattle are usually affected by drought and the get ill easier; the extent will depend on the severity of the drought conditions. Lactating cows, late pregnant heifers and weaners are the most vulnerable because of higher nutrient requirements. A good understanding of

these factors is needed for a cost effective management strategy to mitigate the effects of drought on animal production, reproduction and health.

**The following general aspects of management may be considered for beef cattle:**

- Determine pregnancy of cows and heifers as soon as possible (8 weeks for cows and 6 weeks for heifers) after the bulls have been removed. Non-pregnant animals are identified for culling and the stage of pregnancy (early, mid and late conception) relative to mating determined.
- This information and body condition can be used to identify cows that may benefit from early weaning and/or strategic supplementation as well as those to be sold. Informed decision making create opportunity to lessen the effects of a drought.
- Sheep/goat production can benefit from early weaning of lamb/kids – the ewes/does can be fed at lower maintenance levels and lambs/kids finished in a feedlot.
- Animal health starts at the mouth; good nutrition is the basis of healthy animals and production. Changes in management may require adjustments in the programme for the prevention of diseases (inoculation). Remember, inoculation is a simple action (an injection), while creating immunity is a more complex process in animals which requires protein (amino acids in the diet) to produce the antibodies. During droughts and dry seasons the protein content of veld is generally low. Timely inoculation may be considered to ensure the development of better immunity.
- Drastic changes in management such as restricting animals in kraals increases stress and susceptibility for diseases. The incidence of opportunistic diseases may increase and require inoculation which is usually required. Specific local conditions and circumstances will dictate any changes in inoculation as well as external and internal parasite control programmes. Discuss any possible changes in the animal health and disease control programme with your veterinarian.
- Vitamin status must be evaluated and supplemented. We wish you success with the livestock enterprise.

Prof. HO de Waal Pr. Sci. Nat., Anim. Sci. [401721/83] Department of Animal, Wildlife and Grassland Sciences (70) University of the Free State PO Box 339 Bloemfontein South Africa

**Vir die Afrikaanse weergawe:**

<https://www.netwerk24.com/landbou/kundiges/vraag/Droogtewenke-Rek-so-jou-weiding-20190206>

<https://www.netwerk24.com/Landbou/Search?query=Veeproduksie+tydens+droogte&ex=1>

# Maak voorsiening vir droogtes

## Vraag

Wat kan ons uit huidige droogte leer wat ons slimmer en meer voorbereid maak vir die volgende een wat kom?

## Antwoord

Die natuurverskynsel van droogte kom sikkies en gereeld in Suid-Afrika voor en kan verwag en dus voor beplan word om te sorg dat die nadelige effek daarvan so min as moontlik is.

Hierdie opmerkings is op tipiese seisoenale en eenjarige droogtes van toepassing, daar waar ons kan sorg dat ons broek nie tot op ons knieë sak nie – soms is die droogtes meer jare agtermekaar en ons kan nie effektief daarvoor voorberei nie.

Daar is nie 'n kortpad of wondermiddel nie, diere het daagliks 'n minimum hoeveelheid verteerbare energie nodig om te oorleef (onderhoud) en addisionele energie om te kan produseer – addisionele voer moet dus verskaf word of die getal diere moet verminder word om met beskikbare voer hierdie energie te kan verskaf.

Die herkouer beskik oor 'n unieke verteringstelsel van mikrobevertering en hersirkulasie van stikstof en is in staat om energie uit laegraadse ruvoer (vesel) te ontsluit – hierdie eienskap moet maksimaal benut word ook die regte aanvulling (stikstof of proteïen) te verskaf.

Daar is tye van oorvloed en goedkoop voer wanneer ruvoer oor tyd opgeberg moet word en opgeberg moet bly, selfs in tye van gunstige klimaatsomstandighede – ten minste 3 maande se gebruik moet so opgeberg word en beskikbaar bly.

Die hoeveelheid ruvoer wat nodig is om aan die onderhoudsbehoefte van beeste te voldoen, is 10kg ruvoer per GVE (grootvee-eenhede; 450kg LM) per dag – dit beteken 100 ton voer ( $\pm 400$  ronde bale van  $\pm 250$ kg elk) vir 100 dae vir 100 GVE'e.

Hierdie bale moet verkieslik in miedens van 50 ten minste 20m weg van mekaar af, gepak word om die risiko van brand te verlaag.

'n Veiliger keuse om 'n voorraad voer vir sporadiese droogtes op te berg en wat nie 'n brandgevaar inhoud nie, is kuilvoer in een of ander vorm – om droogtevoer vir 100 GVE'e vir 100 dae in die vorm van mieliekUILvoer op te berg, sal  $\pm 160$  ton nat kuilvoer nodig wees wat teen 16kg per dag per GVE verskaf moet word.

Saam met hierdie ruvoer of kuilvoer kan goeie kwaliteit hoenderermis (droë braaikuikenmis) opgeberg word, wat hoogs effektief en ekonomies as droogtevoer aangewend kan word –

onthou om die diere teen botulisme of lamsiekte in te ent (ten minste twee keer en ten minste twee weke uit mekaar).

Indien hoendermis ook gebruik word, kan 50% van die 10kg ruvoer per dag en 10% van die 16kg kuilvoer met hoendermis vervang word om 'n onderhoudsvoer te maak – hier sal die hoendermis as stikstofbron dien om beide die ruvoer en kuilvoer se tekort aan stikstof aan te vul en die energie te ontsluit – die minimum lek, indien enige, sal dan ook nodig wees.

Geskryf deur: Dr. Kobus Swart, PhD; Pr. Sci. Nat, Dierevoeding. ([kobus@mixcure.co.za](mailto:kobus@mixcure.co.za))

[www.mixcure.co.za](http://www.mixcure.co.za)

## Micro-nutritional and vitamin deficiencies

The following micro-nutritional deficiencies and vitamins were reported by practices in the provinces:

Deficiencies	MP	G	L	NW	FS	KZN	EC	WC	NC
Iodine						x			
Copper									
Zinc									
Selenium	x			x	x	x	x	x	
Magnesium							x		
Manganese								x	
Vitamin A				x	x			x	
Vitamin B 1									x

There are antagonists such as calcium, iron and sulphur which hamper the uptake of micro-minerals. Have water and soil samples analysed to see what the levels of these antagonists are. Arrange with your veterinarian to have liver samples analysed to determine the status of these micro-minerals in your herd or flock.

Selenium is a powerful anti-oxidant and necessary for immunity. Check the status of the herd.

Beware of fluoride poisoning as borehole water levels drop.

**Supplement animals with vitamin A during winter and drought conditions.**

## Multifactorial diseases and other conditions

**The following conditions were reported by practices in the provinces**

<b>Swelsiekte</b>									
<b>Traumatic reticulo-pericarditis</b>				x				x	
<b>Trauma</b>	x						x		
<b>Teeth wear</b>									
<b>Plastic bags (ingestion)</b>									
<b>Downer</b>		x	x	x	x	x		x	x
<b>Anaphylactic shock</b>									
<b>Vestibular syndrome (middle ear infection)</b>									
<b>Hernia</b>									
<b>Deformaties</b>									

**Discuss the origin, treatment and prevention of these diseases with your veterinarian.**

**The cause of abortions should be established: brucellosis, enzootic abortion, Q-fever, leptospirosis, Rift valley fever, etc. The necessary preventative measures can then be taken.**

**Pneumonia and lameness (foot conditions) are wide spread.**

## **Metabolic diseases**

**The following diseases were reported by practices in the provinces:**

<b>Metabolic diseases</b>	MP	G	L	NW	FS	KZN	EC	WC	NC
<b>Acidosis</b>	x			x	x	x	x	x	
<b>Displaced abomasum</b>			x			x	x	x	
<b>Ketosis (Domsiekte)</b>	x	x			x		x	x	
<b>Milk fever</b>		x		x	x	x		x	

**Make sure that you adapt animals to feed containing concentrates as more and more cases of acidosis are reported when grazing animals on harvested maize fields.**

**Discuss the etiology, treatment and prevention of these diseases with your veterinarian.**

## Reproductive diseases

Reproductive diseases	MP	G	L	NW	FS	KZN	EC	WC	NC
Dystocia (difficult births)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Endometritis					x	x		x	
Hydrops									
Metritis	x			x	x	x		x	
Poor conception	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	
Retained afterbirth	x	x		x	x	x		x	
Sheath prolaps					x				
Uterine prolaps	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x
Vaginal prolaps	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Penis injury									
Orchitis									

A poor conception rate on many farms is a huge issue. Visit your veterinarian to rectify this problem.

## Environmental conditions

	MP	G	L	NW	FS	KZN	EC	WC	NC
Exposure to cold	x				x	x		x	
Frozen to death								x	
Heat stress									
Lightning							x		
Electrocution									
Drought							x		x

## Other conditions

	MP	G	L	NW	FS	KZN	EC	WC	NC
Dermatopraxis									x
Genetic disorders		x							x
Wet carcasses									x
Drug residues (milk, meat, liver, kidney etc)									
Preditors		x		x	x		x		
Theft/Sabotation					x	x			
Trauma (fractures etc)	x	x	x		x	x			
Trauma (veldfires)									

In the CODE OF CONDUCT of the RPO the following standard operating procedures are documented.

The local veterinarian should be your partner to help you achieve the necessary standards.

<http://www.rpo.co.za/BestPractices/English.aspx>

## PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TO SUPPORT BIO-SECURITY.

Precautionary measures are required to protect the herd against diseases acquired because of external contact. The following categories are of concern:

### 1. DIRECT LIVESTOCK PURCHASES (and own animals returning):

The following should be **verified** before importing new animals into the herd:

How long animals have resided at the purchase or previous location?

Have there been any recent disease outbreaks in the location?

Do brand marks clearly confirm ownership?

Was a vaccination program followed (need paper or veterinarian proof). What are the local prevalent external parasites and the routinely implemented control program?

Is a veterinarian supported control program against transmittable diseases followed?

Dates and sufficient number of tests for reproductive diseases of both male and female

Dates and tests for zoonotic diseases

The above should also be verified with the purchaser's own veterinarian.

### 2. PURCHASES FROM SALES OR SPECULATORS

Purchase only in areas which are not in close proximity to scheduled areas

Visually inspect the animals before purchasing for:

\* brand marks

\* parasite infestation

### **3. TRANSPORT TO THE FARM**

Use only reputable transporters  
Has the truck been cleaned and disinfected?  
Truck to follow the shortest uninterrupted route  
Truck to take the shortest route to the handling facilities  
Do not allow the truck personnel to get in contact with the farm herd

### **4. ARRIVAL ON THE FARM**

Off-load the livestock to limit stress and to be visually evaluated for any unnatural conditions.  
Isolate them from the farm herd and shared facilities for at least 21 days (quarantine)  
Retest for diseases of concern if needed, before mixing with the rest of the herd  
Process new arrivals within 24 hrs after arrival (unique ID tag brand, dip, dose, vaccinate)  
Inspect regularly

### **5. FEED PURCHASES**

Ensure bales of hay are sourced from areas that are not bordering scheduled areas  
Purchase feed from reputable dealers only  
Avoid buying feed in second hand bags  
Ensure feed trucks are also disinfected and cleaned, especially if also used to transport animals to abattoirs

### **6. VISITORS**

Do not allow strangers or their vehicles amongst the livestock  
Ensure fences are well maintained and preferably jackal and warthog proof

### **7. EMPLOYEES**

Do not allow the employees to eat in feed stores  
Supply employees with sufficient ablution facilities  
Regularly arrange to let employees be medicated for tape worm and have health check-ups  
Keep record of all employee livestock on the property  
Treat employee livestock with separate but dedicated health programs  
Ensure employees understand the reason behind the implemented bio-security measures to help ensure compliance.

## **GENERAL AND REPRODUCTION MANAGEMENT**

Record keeping: All animals are individually identified and recorded.  
To prove ownership: All animals are marked with the registered brand mark according to the Animal Identification Act, No 6 of 2002.  
A defined breeding season is the basis of effective management: The breeding season coincides with the rainy season, i.e. the period when nutritive value of the pasture is at its best.  
Sufficient energy reserves in the herd as measured by condition scoring are vital, especially for effective breeding, and when inadequate the herd is supplemented in consultation with a nutritionist: Condition scoring of bulls and cows are regularly done, particularly at the onset of the breeding season and supplemented if necessary.  
Bull - cow ratios are maintained: A ratio of 1 to 25 is maintained in every separate herd.

Fertility of breeding bulls: All breeding bulls are tested for mating ability and semen quality before the breeding season.

Sexually transferable diseases: Sheath washes or scrapes on bulls are performed annually.

Diseases that can cause poor conception, abortion or weak calves: Cows are vaccinated against such diseases in consultation with the veterinarian.

Breeding success monitored by a veterinarian: Rectal pregnancy or scan diagnosis is done by the veterinarian 8 weeks after the breeding season.

Twenty percent of cows or more not pregnant: Further tests are done to determine cause of low pregnancy rate.

Culling of non-pregnant cows: Non-pregnant cows are removed from the herd and considered a necessary bonus to supporting herd income.

### **HERD HEALTH AND BIO-SECURITY**

Maintenance of herd health is key to a successful enterprise: A veterinarian should visit the farm bi-annually at least.

Calf mortality before 3 months of age is an important reason for poor weaning percentage: Good management practices are applied to limit early calf deaths.

Some diseases and parasites (internal and external) are more often encountered in specific areas: Annual vaccinations and a parasite control program should be applied according to regional requirements and in liaison with the veterinarian.

Farmers selling weaned calves to feedlots may want to have a market advantage compared to others: A specific vaccination program is applied before weaning for that purpose.

Herds may be at risk of being exposed to CA and TB: The herd is tested annually for CA and all heifers are vaccinated against CA between 4 and 8 months of age with an efficient, approved remedy. The herd is tested at least every 5 years for TB

Precautionary measures are required to prevent diseases being imported into the herd: A quarantine program to keep incoming animals separate is followed. All incoming animals have a suitable certificate of negative test results or are of a certified clean, closed herd.

Stock remedies and medicines should be registered, correctly stored and used before the transpire date: All medicines and stock remedies are registered, stored and applied according to prescription.

Prescribed medicines with a specific application are under the control of the veterinary profession: All prescription medicines are obtained and applied under prescription from a veterinarian.

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### **Practices that had nothing to report**

Cape Town – Dr. Sophette Gers

Dewetsdorp – Dr. Marike Badenhorst

Karino – Dr. Silke Pfitzer

Nigel – Cindy van der Westhuizen

Beestekraal – Dr. Alwyn Venter

Reitz – Dr. Schabot Froneman

Vanderbijlpark – Dr. Kobus Kok

Vaalwater – Dr. Annemiek Müller

Vryburg – Dr. Jurie Kritzinger

Tulbagh – Dr. Dirk Trigaardt

## Ostriches

### Western Cape

#### Oudtshoorn

Intestinal roundworms	1
Cryptosporidiosis	Cloacal prolaps – moist environment – 1-2mm rain increased soil pica/ stress on immune and growth systems due to season change. Usually more a summer problem
Red gut	Season change – warm weather result in over eating due to high energy demand. All feed is full feed due to drought.
Pulpy kidney	Feedlotting due to drought, mixtures not fed consistently
Climate – cold	Season change with some extremely cold days with some drizzle, chicks not on weight suffer most
Onion poisoning	Breeders fed onion seed harvest waste to reduce cost in drought – haemolytic crisis with feed refusal/ poor intake results in acute mortalities lingering for 2 weeks.

## Equines

### Limpopo

#### Bela-Bela

Internal parasites

### North West

#### Potchefstroom

African Horse Sickness – 4 deaths reported

### Free State

#### Frankfort

Brown ear-tick - 1

#### Parys

African Horse sickness – 1

### Eastern Cape

#### Adelaide

African Horse Sickness – 6 deaths

#### Port Alfred

African Horse Sickness – 9 cases Bathurst; 3 cases Kleinemonde; 1 case Kenton on Sea

### **Western Cape**

#### **Darling**

Phosphine poisoning – 3 in feed

### **Northern Cape**

#### **Colesberg**

*Margaropus winthemi* – ticks on brood mares

#### **Upington**

African Horse Sickness- 1

### **Game**

#### **Mpumalanga**

#### **Ermelo**

BVD – Buffalo tested positive on immunochemistry

#### **Lydenburg**

Resistant Wireworm - 2

### **North West**

#### **Klerksdorp**

Intestinal roundworms – 2

Coccidiosis – 2

### **KwaZulu-Natal**

#### **Pongola**

Brown ear-tick – 1

Theileriosis – 23 naïve buffalo introduced into Corridor Disease controlled area. Eight have died from Theileriosis

### **Eastern Cape**

#### **Adelaide**

Long-necked bankruptworm – Sable, Nyala, Impala

### **Western Cape**

#### **Vredenburg**

Rabies – one bat-eared fox

### **Northern Cape**

#### **Kimberley**

Wireworm – Roan and Sable 2

### **Swine**

**Gauteng**  
**Pretoria**  
*E. coli* - 1  
Lameness – 1  
Dog bite wounds -1

## **Alpaca**

**Free State**  
**Smithfield**  
Lumpy jaw / *Actinomyces* - 1

### **Monthly report on Livestock and Wildlife isolations for May 2019 from Vetdiagnostix –Microbiology Laboratory, supplied by dr. Marijke Henton ([henton@vetdx.co.za](mailto:henton@vetdx.co.za))**

*Pasteurella multocida* [14 isolates] was the most common isolate from feedlot cattle TTA samples during May. *P. multocida* has 4 capsule types; A and D, which are associated with pneumonia in animals, and capsule types B and E, which are associated with Haemorrhagic Septicaemia. Types A and D are very common in animals in South Africa, but Haemorrhagic Septicaemia has occurred sporadically but increasingly in cattle and buffalo in South Africa since the 1970's. A very unusual severe outbreak of Haemorrhagic Septicaemia in pigs, due to type B, in a piggery, occurred in KwaZulu Natal. There had been no contact between the pigs and cattle or buffaloes. Although types A, D and E are included in the OBP cattle *Pasteurella* vaccine, type B is not.

Other isolates from respiratory infections in feedlot cattle were *Mannheimia haemolytica* [5], *Trueperella pyogenes* [4], *Histophilus somni* [3], *Mannheimia* type 7 [2] and one each of *Mycoplasma*, *Mannheimia* 10 and *Klebsiella pneumoniae*.

Abortions in cattle were due to *Trueperella pyogenes*, *Histophilus somni* and *Salmonella* Dublin [one each]. *Salmonella* Dublin was also isolated from an aborted foetus and from two cases of calf septicaemia. S. Dublin causes abortions in carrier cattle. Other causes of abortion were *Histophilus somni* and *T. pyogenes*.

Enteritis in calves was due to *E. coli* in 7 cases, one of which was positive for *Cryptosporidium* as well.

Bovine mastitis was associated with *E. coli* [3], one of which was an ESBL [Extended Spectrum Beta Lactamase] producer, *Trueperella pyogenes* [2], *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Streptococcus dysgalactiae*, *S. uberis*, *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Klebsiella pneumoniae* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*.

An ear infection in a bovine was also due to *T. pyogenes*, and an abscess to a MRSA *Staphylococcus aureus*.

Gangrenous myositis was caused by *C. chauvoei* [2], *C. novyi* and *C. sordellii* in cattle, *C. novyi* in a pig and *C. septicum* in a rhino.

Enteritis in lambs and a kid was due to *E. coli* in 22 cases, four of them together with *Cryptosporidium* and 7 of them were ESBL producers. Abscesses were due to *T. pyogenes*, *S. aureus*, *S. pseudintermedius* [3], *Corynebacterium pseudotuberculosis* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*. *Mannheimia haemolytica* caused pneumonia and Blue Udder.

An abscess in a rhino yielded *Streptococcus dysgalactiae* and *Corynebacterium striatum*.

**Feedlot report received from Drs. Shaun Morris and Eben du Preez for May 2019 ([edupreez1@telkommsa.net](mailto:edupreez1@telkommsa.net))**

Condition	Comments and Specie
Intestinal round worms	O 3
Tapeworms	O 2
Liver fluke worms	B 3, O 1
Cysticercosis; Cysticercosis in liver of bovines from jackal contamination of pastures	B 3
Blue ticks	B 3
Bont ticks	B 3
Bont – legged ticks	B 1
Red-legged ticks	B 3,O 1
Nuisance flies	B 3
African red water	B 3
Asiatic red water	B 1
Anaplasmosis	B 3
Red gut	B 3
Blood gut	O 3

Bacterial pericarditis	B 2
Pulpy kidney	O 1
<i>E. coli</i>	B 3
Ringworm	B 3
Warts	B 3
Protein deficiency	B 3,O 3
Energy deficiency	B 3, O 3
Phosphate deficiency	B 2
Navell ill	B 1,O 2
Joint ill	B 2
Lameness	B 3,O 3
Lungs	B 3 ,O 3
Diarrhoea	B 3,O 3
Eyes	B 3
Abscesses	B 3,O 3
Trauma	B 3,O 1
Deaths reported by farmers:  red water, anaplasmosis, pneumonia, red gut, blood gut, acidosis, attacks by jackals	

**Feedlot report received from Dr. Andy Hentzen for April 2019  
(andyvet@mweb.co.za)**

Condition	Comments and Specie
Liver fluke worms	B 3
Conical fluke	B 1

Parafilaria	B 2
Cysticercosis	B 3
Blue ticks	B 3
Brown ear ticks	B 3
Heartwater tick	B 1
Bont-legged ticks	B 3
Red-legged ticks	B 2
Nuisance flies	B 3
Blowflies	B 1
Midges	B 3
African red water	B 2
Asiatic red water	B 2
Anaplasmosis	B 2
Three Day Stiff Sickness	B 2
Blackleg	B 2
E. coli	B 1
Red gut	B 3
BVD	B 3
IBR	B 3
Warts	B 3
Water contamination	B 3
Micro mineral deficiency	B3
Lameness	B 3
Lungs	B 3

Diarrhoea	B 3
Eyes	B 3
Abscesses	B,C 3

**Monthly report for May 2019 from Dr R D Last (BVSc; M.Med.Vet(Path);**

**MRCVS)**

**Specialist Veterinary Pathologist, Vetdiagnostix - Veterinary Pathology Services**

LIVESTOCK DISEASE SURVEILANCE			
LIVESTOCK SPECIES	DISEASE AGENT	NO. CASES	LOCATION
Caprine	Listeriosis goat	1	Howick, KZN
Bovine	Cryptosporidiosis calf	1	Mooi River, KZN
Ovine	Cryptosporidiosis lamb	1	Bergville, KZN
Ovine	Cryptosporidiosis lamb	1	Dundee, KZN
Bovine	Calf paratyphoid	1	Howick KZN
Caprine	Pituitary abscess goat	1	Gauteng
Ovine	Cryptosporidiosis lamb	1	Clocolan, Free State
Ovine	Pulpy kidney sheep	1	W.Cape
Bovine	Bovine anaplasmosis	1	Greytown, KZN
Bovine	Bovine anaplasmosis	1	North West

WILDLIFE DISEASE SURVEILANCE			
WILDLIFE SPECIES	DISEASE AGENT	NO. CASES	LOCATION
African Buffalo	Buffalo heart pluck clostridia.	1	Limpopo
Roan, Antelope	Roan antelope theileriosis	1	Limpopo
Leatherback turtle, Hatchling	Leatherback turtle retained yolk sac	1	Durban, KZN
Hippopotamus Calf	Hypertensive vasculopathy hippopotamus	1	Mtuba, KZN
Buffalo, Adult	Vitiligo	1	E.Cape
White Rhino, Adult	Clostridial enterotoxaemia	1	North West

**Monthly report on Livestock and Wildlife isolations for May 2019 from IDEXX**  
**Laboratories supplied by dr. Liza du Plessis ([Liza-DuPlessis@idexx.com](mailto:Liza-DuPlessis@idexx.com))**

Condition	Comments and Specie
Theileriosis	G 1
Blue tongue	O 1
Diarrhoea (bacterial enteritis)	O 1
Coccidiosis	O 1
Sarcoid	E 3
Metritis	O 1
Lungs	O 1

## DISEASE DISTRIBUTION REPORT AS REPORTED BY VETERINARIANS

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<a href="#"><b>Multi-factorial Disease Conditions</b></a>	Abortions, Stillbirths, Abscesses, Abscesses in general, Bladder stones, Blindness, Bloat, Blood gut (sheep and goat), Blue udder, Diarrhoea, Epididymitis, Eye Cancer, Eye infections, Joint Ill, Lameness/Foot Problems, Lung infection, Mastitis in general, Navel Ill, Redgut (Sheep), Trauma, Downer, Other
<a href="#"><b>Metabolic Diseases</b></a>	Acidosis, Displaced abomasum, Ketosis, Milk Fever
<a href="#"><b>Reproductive diseases</b></a>	Dystocia (Difficult Births), Endometritis, Metritis, Poor conception, Retained afterbirth, Sheath Prolaps, Uterus prolaps, Vaginal (Cervical) prolaps
<a href="#"><b>Climatical Cause</b></a>	Cold exposure, Drought, Lightning, Frozen to death
<a href="#"><b>Non specific diseases</b></a>	Cause of death not established, Preditors, Sabotation/Theft, Trauma, Traumatic Reticulo-pericarditis

## Internal Parasites

### Roundworms in general

▲

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	2.3 (3)	1.0 (1)	1.0 (2)	2.0 (2)	2.7 (7)	2.2 (6)	2.0 (5)	1.7 (9)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	3.0 (1)				2.0 (2)			3.0 (1)
<b>Sheep</b>	2.0 (2)		1.0 (1)	2.0 (2)	2.7 (7)	2.3 (3)	2.3 (3)	1.6 (5)
<b>Goat</b>		1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)		2.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	1.3 (3)	

### **Mpumalanga**

#### **Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dierespreekkamer**

Beef: 3

#### **Middelburg , Middelburg Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 1

#### **Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 3

### **Gauteng**

#### **Pretoria, Onderste poort Academic Hospital and Production Animal Clinic**

Goat: 1

### **Limpopo**

#### **Polokwane, Pietersburg Veterinary Clinic**

Sheep: 1, Goat: 1

### **North West**

#### **Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 2

#### **Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 2

### **Free State**

#### **Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels**

Sheep: 3

#### **Ciocolan, Ciocolan Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 2

#### **Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 3

#### **Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 2

#### **Ladybrand, Ladybrand Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 3

#### **Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 3

#### **Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap**

Sheep: 3

### **Kwazulu-Natal**

#### **Kokstad, E.G.Veterinary Services**

Sheep: 3

Lack of frost

#### **Mooi River, Mooirivier Vet Clinic**

Beef: 2

#### **Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2, Goat: 2

#### **Newcastle, Ncanduvet Newcastle**

Sheep: 1

#### **Vryheid, Vryheid Privaat Veeartse**

Sheep: 3

### **Eastern Cape**

#### **Graaff-Reinet, Camdeboo Veterinary Clinic**







**Graaff-Reinet, Camdeboo Veterinary Clinic**

Goat: 1

**Western Cape****Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital**

Sheep: 2

**Riversdale, Riversdal Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 1

**Tape Worms**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average					2.1 (8)	1.0 (1)		3.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef		2.0 (1)							
Sheep		2.3 (6)		1.0 (1)				3.0 (1)	
Goat		1.0 (1)							

**Free State****Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels**

Sheep: 3

**Ciocolan, Ciocolan Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 2

**Harrismith, Harrismith Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 1

**Ladybrand, Ladybrand Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 3

**Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Parys, Parys Dierehospitaal**

Goat: 1

*Taenia multiceps***Reitz, Riemland Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 3

**Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap**

Sheep: 2

**Kwazulu-Natal****Newcastle, Ncanduvet Newcastle**

Sheep: 1

**Western Cape****George, George Animal Hospital**

Sheep: 3

**Parafilaria**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average						2.0 (1)		1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef						2.0 (1)			3.0 (1)
Dairy								1.0 (1)	

#### Kwazulu-Natal

##### **Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2

#### Western Cape

##### **Darling, Tygerberg Dierehospitaal Darling**

Dairy: 1

#### Northern Cape

##### **Kimberley, Kimberley Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3

Liver fluke									▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	2.8 (4)	1.0 (1)			1.3 (4)	1.7 (3)	3.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	3.0 (2)	1.0 (1)			1.0 (2)	1.0 (1)			
Dairy						2.0 (2)	3.0 (1)		
Sheep	2.5 (2)				1.5 (2)			2.0 (1)	
Goat								1.0 (1)	

#### Mpumalanga

##### **Middelburg , Middelburg Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

#### Standerton, Econovet

Beef: 3, Sheep: 2

#### Gauteng

##### **Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 1

#### Free State

##### **Clocolan, Clocolan Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

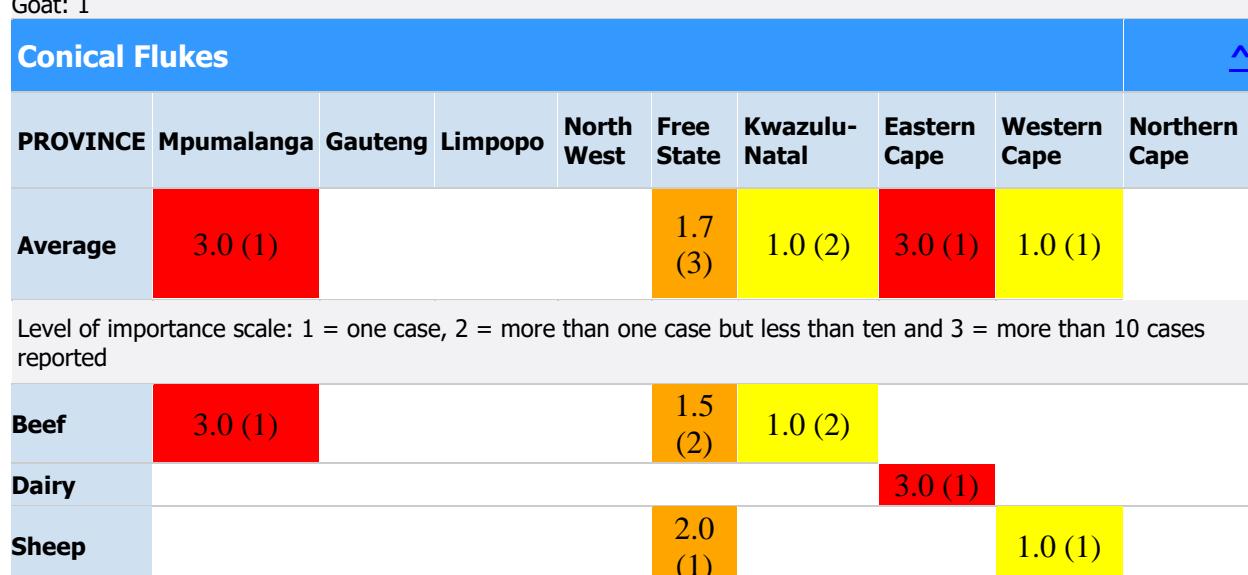
#### Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic

Beef: 1, Sheep: 1

##### **Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap**

Sheep: 2

<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>
<b>Kokstad, E.G.Veterinary Services</b>
Dairy: 3
<b>Mooi River, Moorivier Vet Clinic</b>
Beef: 1
<b>Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery</b>
Dairy: 1
<b>Eastern Cape</b>
<b>Somerset East, Bosberg Veterinary Clinic</b>
Dairy: 3
<b>Western Cape</b>
<b>Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>Stellenbosch, Stellenbosch Animal Hospital</b>
Goat: 1



<b>Mpumalanga</b>
<b>Balfour, Balfour Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 3
<b>Free State</b>
<b>Cloolan, Cloolan Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 1
<b>Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>Vrede, Saulshoek Dierenpraktyk</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>
<b>Kokstad, E.G.Veterinary Services</b>
Beef: 1
One farm
<b>Mooi River, Moorivier Vet Clinic</b>
Beef: 1
<b>Eastern Cape</b>
<b>Somerset East, Bosberg Veterinary Clinic</b>
Dairy: 3
<b>Western Cape</b>
<b>Malmesbury, Dr Otto Kriek</b>
Sheep: 1

Wireworm is a huge problem on a certain property but I suspect that mortalities were higher due to an additional Conical Fluke problem in the 5month old lambs combined with a protein and energy deficient diet. It is all speculation and the situation is under investigation.

Cysticercosis										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average			2.0 (1)						1.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.0 (1)	
Sheep		1.0 (1)

#### Limpopo

##### Mokopane, Dr Henk Visser

Beef: 2

#### Western Cape

##### Worcester, Durban Straat Dierekliniek Worcester

Sheep: 1

### External Parasites

Blue ticks										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	2.3 (4)	1.0 (1)		2.1 (7)	2.6 (12)	2.3 (11)	2.8 (4)	2.4 (5)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.3 (4)	1.0 (1)		2.3 (6)	2.4 (9)	2.3 (9)	2.7 (3)	2.0 (3)		
Dairy					3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	3.0 (2)		
Sheep				1.0 (1)	3.0 (2)					
Goat					2.0 (1)					

#### Mpumalanga

##### Ermelo, Môregloed Veterinêre Spreekkamer

Beef: 3

##### Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dierespreekkamer

Beef: 3

##### Middelburg , Middelburg Dierehospitaal

Beef: 1

##### Standerton, Econovet

Beef: 2

#### Gauteng

**Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 1

**North West****Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 1, Sheep: 1

**Leeudoringstad, Leeudoringstad Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

**Lichtenburg, Dr CM Kruger-Rall**

Beef: 3

**Potchefstroom, Morvet**

Beef: 3

**Schweizer-Reneke, Buffeloord Dierekliniek SR**

Beef: 2

**Ventersdorf, Ventersdorf Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3

**Free State****Ficksburg, Oosvrystaat Diere Produkte**

Beef: 3, Dairy: 3, Sheep: 3

**Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

**Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Reitz, Riemland Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 1

**Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3

**Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap**

Beef: 2

**Vrede, Saulshoek Dierepraktyk**

Beef: 3

**Winburg, Winburg Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3

**Kwazulu-Natal****Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 3

**Bergville, Tugela Vet Clinic**

Beef: 2, Goat: 2

**Dundee, Endumeni Herd health**

Beef: 2, Dairy: 2

**Kokstad, E.G.Veterinary Services**

Beef: 3

Lack of frost

**Mooi River, Mooirivier Vet Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Pietermaritzburg, Veterinary House Hospital**

Beef: 2

**Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery**

Beef: 2

**Vryheid, Vryheid Privaat Veeartse**

Beef: 3

**Eastern Cape**

**Adelaide, Adelaide Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 3

Blue tongue still abundant due to warm weather

**Alexandria, Alexandria Platteland Spreekamer**

Dairy: 3

**Aliwal North, Herzogbrug Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2

**Humansdorp, Humansdorp Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 3

**Western Cape****George, George Animal Hospital**

Beef: 3, Dairy: 3

**Oudtshoorn, Oudtshoorn Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 1

**Swellendam, Swellendam Dierenhospitaal**

Dairy: 3

**Worcester, Durban Straat Dierenkliniek Worcester**

Beef: 2

**Resistant blue Ticks**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average					2.0 (2)				

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef					2.0 (2)				
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**Free State****Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap**

Beef: 1

**Winburg, Winburg Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

**Heartwater (Bont) ticks**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	2.5 (2)	1.7 (3)		1.0 (1)		1.7 (7)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.5 (2)	2.0 (1)		1.0 (1)		2.0 (4)			
Sheep		1.0 (1)				1.0 (1)			
Goat		2.0 (1)				1.5 (2)			

**Mpumalanga****Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dieresprekkamer**

Beef: 3

**Middelburg , Middelburg Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

**Gauteng****Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 1, Goat: 2

**North West****Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 1

**Kwazulu-Natal****Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 3

**Dundee, Endumeni Herd health**

Beef: 2

**Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2, Goat: 2

**Pongola, Pongola Animal Clinic**

Beef: 1, Sheep: 1, Goat: 1

**Brown ear-ticks**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	2.5 (4)			3.0 (1)		2.3 (4)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.3 (3)	3.0 (1)	2.3 (4)
Sheep	3.0 (1)		

**Mpumalanga****Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dierespreekkamer**

Beef: 3

**Middelburg , Middelburg Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 1

**North West****Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3

**Kwazulu-Natal****Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Bergville, Tugela Vet Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Dundee, Endumeni Herd health**

Beef: 3

**Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Bont-legged ticks**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
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<b>Average</b>	3.0 (1)	2.0 (3)	3.0 (5)	2.3 (6)	3.0 (4)	2.0 (1)	2.0 (2)
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Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	3.0 (4)	2.3 (4)	3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	2.0 (1)
<b>Dairy</b>					3.0 (1)		
<b>Sheep</b>		2.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	2.5 (2)	3.0 (1)		
<b>Goat</b>		2.0 (1)			3.0 (1)		2.0 (1)

### **Mpumalanga**

#### **Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dierespreekkamer**

Beef: 3

### **Gauteng**

#### **Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2, Goat: 2

### **North West**

#### **Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3

#### **Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

#### **Potchefstroom, Morvet**

Beef: 3

Bite wounds caused numerous abscesses

#### **Schweizer-Reneke, Buffeloord Dierenkliniek SR**

Beef: 3

### **Free State**

#### **Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

#### **Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

#### **Philippolis, Rowelsfontein veearts Spreekkamer**

Sheep: 2

#### **Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2

#### **Vrede, Saulshoek Dierpraktijk**

Beef: 2

### **Eastern Cape**

#### **Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3, Dairy: 3, Sheep: 3, Goat: 3

### **Western Cape**

#### **Darling, Tygerberg Dierenhospitaal Darling**

Beef: 2

### **Northern Cape**

#### **Postmasburg, Postmasburg Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2, Goat: 2

**Red-legged ticks**



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	1.5 (4)			3.0 (1)	2.4 (5)	2.0 (1)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.0 (2)		3.0 (1)	2.7 (3)	2.0 (1)		
Sheep	1.0 (1)			2.0 (2)			
Goat	1.0 (1)						

#### Mpumalanga

##### Balfour, Balfour Dierenkliniek

Beef: 1, Sheep: 1, Goat: 1

##### Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dierespreekkamer

Beef: 3

#### North West

##### Christiana, Christiana Dierenhospitaal

Beef: 3

#### Free State

##### Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

##### Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic

Beef: 2, Sheep: 1

##### Vrede, Saulshoek Dierenpraktyk

Beef: 3

#### Kwazulu-Natal

##### Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery

Beef: 2

Paralysis ticks									▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average					2.0 (2)		2.5 (2)		
Sheep					2.0 (2)		2.5 (2)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Sheep		2.0 (2)	2.5 (2)		
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#### Free State

##### Philippolis, Rowelsfontein veearts Spreekkamer

Sheep: 2

##### Vrede, Saulshoek Dierenpraktyk

Sheep: 2

#### Eastern Cape

##### Cradock, Cradock Veterinary Clinic

Sheep: 2

**Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 3

Biting lice (red lice)										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average				3.0 (1)	2.5 (2)					

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef					2.0 (1)					
Sheep						3.0 (1)				
Goat				3.0 (1)						

**North West**

**Lichtenburg, Dr CM Kruger-Rall**

Goat: 3

Lice in goats

**Free State**

**Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

**Vrede, Saulshoek Dierepraktyk**

Sheep: 3

Sucking lice (blue lice)										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average								1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Sheep							1.0 (1)			
Goat									1.0 (1)	

**Western Cape**

**Malmesbury, Dr Otto Kriek**

Sheep: 1

**Northern Cape**

**Postmasburg, Postmasburg Dierenkliniek**

Goat: 1

Scab mites										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	

Average	1.5 (2)	1.0 (1)
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Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Sheep	1.5 (2)	1.0 (1)
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#### Free State

##### **Smithfield, Freestate Smithfield SV**

Sheep: 1

One outbreak in Kopanong, Reddersburg

##### **Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Vennootskap**

Sheep: 2

#### Eastern Cape

##### **Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 1

#### Mange Mites



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	1.5 (2)				2.0 (1)				

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	1.5 (2)
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Sheep	2.0 (1)
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#### Mpumalanga

##### **Balfour, Balfour Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

##### **Ermelo, Môregloed Veterinêre Spreekkamer**

Beef: 2

#### Free State

##### **Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic**

Sheep: 2

#### Nuisance Flies



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	1.0 (3)				3.0 (3)	2.2 (5)		1.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.0 (1)	3.0 (2)	2.3 (3)	1.0 (1)
<b>Dairy</b>		3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	
<b>Sheep</b>	1.0 (1)			
<b>Goat</b>	1.0 (1)		2.0 (1)	

#### **Mpumalanga**

##### **Balfour, Balfour Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 1, Sheep: 1, Goat: 1

#### **Free State**

##### **Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 3, Dairy: 3

##### **Winburg, Winburg Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

#### **Kwazulu-Natal**

##### **Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 3

##### **Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2, Goat: 2

##### **Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery**

Beef: 2, Dairy: 2

#### **Western Cape**

##### **Oudtshoorn, Ostrimed**

Beef: 1

#### **Blowflies**



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)			2.5 (2)				

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>		3.0 (1)
<b>Sheep</b>	1.0 (1)	2.0 (1)
<b>Goat</b>	1.0 (1)	

#### **Mpumalanga**

##### **Balfour, Balfour Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 1

#### **Gauteng**

##### **Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Goat: 1

#### **Free State**

##### **Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap**

Sheep: 2

##### **Winburg, Winburg Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

Screw-worm										<a href="#">▲</a>
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average							1.0 (1)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Nasal bot larvae										<a href="#">▲</a>
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average							1.8 (4)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Sheep							1.8 (4)			
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<b>Free State</b>										
<b>Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek</b>										
Sheep: 3										
<b>Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierenhospitaal</b>										
Sheep: 2										
<b>Reitz, Riemland Dierenhospitaal</b>										
Sheep: 1										
<b>Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierenkliniek</b>										
Sheep: 1										
<b>Western Cape</b>										
<b>Beaufort West, Beaufort Dierenkliniek</b>										
Sheep: 2										

Midges										<a href="#">▲</a>
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	1.0 (1)			3.0 (1)	2.5 (4)	3.0 (1)		1.0 (1)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	1.0 (1)
<b>Sheep</b>			2.3 (3)		

#### **Mpumalanga**

##### **Balfour, Balfour Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 1

#### **North West**

##### **Leeudoringstad, Leeudoringstad Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

#### **Free State**

##### **Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dierespreekkamer**

Sheep: 2

##### **Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

##### **Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierenhospitaal**

Sheep: 2

#### **Kwazulu-Natal**

##### **Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 3

Not yet cold

#### **Western Cape**

##### **Oudtshoorn, Ostrimed**

Beef: 1

#### **Mosquitoes**



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
<b>Average</b>				3.0 (1)	2.4 (5)	3.0 (1)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>		3.0 (1)	2.3 (3)	3.0 (1)					
<b>Sheep</b>			2.5 (2)						

#### **North West**

##### **Leeudoringstad, Leeudoringstad Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

#### **Free State**

##### **Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dierespreekkamer**

Beef: 2

##### **Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

##### **Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

#### **Kwazulu-Natal**

##### **Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 3

Other										
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average									2.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Goat	2.0 (1)
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#### Eastern Cape

##### Graaff-Reinet, Camdeboo Veterinary Clinic

Goat: 2

*Strobiloestrus* - warble fly

### Tick-borne Diseases

African red water										
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	1.7 (6)		1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	2.3 (4)	1.8 (8)	2.4 (5)	2.3 (4)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	1.7 (6)		1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	2.3 (4)	1.9 (7)	2.5 (2)	2.0 (2)	
Dairy					1.0 (1)	2.3 (3)	2.5 (2)		

#### Mpumalanga

##### Balfour, Balfour Dierenkliniek

Beef: 1

##### Grootvlei, Grootvlei Dierenkliniek

Beef: 1

##### Hendrina, Mooiplaas Veterinäre Dienste

Beef: 1

##### Lydenburg, Longtom Dierenkliniek

Beef: 3

##### Middelburg , Middelburg Dierenhospitaal

Beef: 2

##### Standerton, Econovet

Beef: 2

#### Limpopo

##### Mokopane, Dr Henk Visser

Beef: 1

#### North West

##### Potchefstroom, Morvet

Beef: 3

#### Free State

##### Reitz, Riemland Dierenhospitaal



**Bethal, Bethal Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

**Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

**Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dierespreekkamer**

Beef: 2

**Middelburg , Middelburg Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

**Nelspruit, Nelspruit Animal Hospital**

Beef: 1

**Standerton, Econovet**

Beef: 2

**Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

**Gauteng****Magaliesburg, Magaliesburg; Dr Ryan Jeffrey**

Beef: 2

**Pretoria, Onderste poort Academic Hospital and Production Animal Clinic**

Beef: 1

**Limpopo****Mokopane, Dr Henk Visser**

Beef: 1

**North West****Brits, Brits Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

**Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

**Potchefstroom, Morvet**

Beef: 3

Deaths on two farms, blocked animals

**Free State****Clocolan, Clocolan Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

**Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 1

**Parys, Parys Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3

**Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap**

Beef: 2

**Vrede, Saulshoek Dierepraktyk**

Beef: 2

**Vrede, Vrede Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

**Kwazulu-Natal****Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Bergville, Tugela Vet Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Dundee, Endumeni Herd health**

Beef: 2, Dairy: 1

**Kokstad, E.G.Veterinary Services**

Beef: 2

**Mooi River, Mooirivier Vet Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery**



Beef: 2
<b>Potchefstroom, Morvet</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Ventersdorp, Ventersdorp Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 3
<b>Free State</b>
<b>Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Clocolan, Clocolan Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 3
<b>Ficksburg, Oosvrystaat Diere Produkte</b>
Beef: 3
<b>Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 3
<b>Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierenhospitaal</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Ladybrand, Ladybrand Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Smithfield, Freestate Smithfield SV</b>
Beef: 1
Mohokare
<b>Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 1
<b>Winburg, Winburg Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>
<b>Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic</b>
Beef: 3
<b>Bergville, Tugela Vet Clinic</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Dundee, Endumeni Herd health</b>
Dairy: 2
<b>Kokstad, E.G.Veterinary Services</b>
Beef: 2
Especially in bought in cattle
<b>Mooi River, Moirivier Vet Clinic</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery</b>
Beef: 3
<b>Eastern Cape</b>
<b>Adelaide, Adelaide Veterinary Clinic</b>
Beef: 1
<b>Alexandria, Alexandria Platteland Spreekamer</b>
Dairy: 2
<b>Aliwal North, Hertzogbrug Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Cradock, Cradock Veterinary Clinic</b>
Beef: 1
Bull, transported from Free State to Cradock
<b>Humansdorp, Humansdorp Veterinary Clinic</b>
Beef: 3

**Queenstown, Queenstown Veterinary clinic**

Beef: 1

**Western Cape****Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital**

Beef: 2

**Darling, Tygerberg Dierehospitaal Darling**

Beef: 1

**Heidelberg (WC), Heidelberg Dierenkliniek**

Dairy: 3

**Malmesbury, Dr Otto Kriek**

Dairy: 2

**Malmesbury, Invitrotech**

Dairy: 2

**Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2, Dairy: 2

**Riversdale, Riversdal Dierenkliniek**

Dairy: 3

**Wellington, Wellington Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

Cattle brought in from Eastern Cape, one herd, 6 died

**Northern Cape****Kuruman, State Vet Kuruman**

Beef: 2

Heartwater										<a href="#">▲</a>
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	2.0 (1)	1.8 (5)	2.5 (2)	2.0 (2)		1.3 (9)	2.0 (7)	3.0 (1)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	2.0 (1)	2.0 (1)		1.4 (5)	2.3 (3)	3.0 (1)		
Dairy								2.0 (2)		
Sheep		2.0 (1)	3.0 (1)			1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)			
Goat		2.0 (2)		2.0 (1)		1.3 (3)	2.0 (1)			

**Mpumalanga****Lydenburg, Longtom Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2

**Gauteng****Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2, Goat: 3

**Pretoria, Onderstepoort Academic Hospital and Production Animal Clinic**

Beef: 1, Goat: 1

**Limpopo****Mokopane, Dr Henk Visser**

Sheep: 3

**Tzaneen, ZZ2 Farm Practice**

Beef: 2

Highveld

**North West****Brits, Brits Dierenkliniek**



Beef: 1

**Northern Cape**

**Postmasburg, Postmasburg Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 1

**Insect Transmittable Diseases**

**Lumpy skin disease**



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	1.0 (1)		1.0 (1)	1.0 (2)	3.0 (1)	1.5 (2)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	1.0 (2)	3.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	
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**Mpumalanga**

**Hendrina, Mooiplaas Veterinäre Dienste**

Beef: 1

**Limpopo**

**Polokwane, Pietersburg Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 1

**North West**

**Christiana, Christiana Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 1

**Potchefstroom, Morvet**

Beef: 1

Calf

**Free State**

**Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

**Kwazulu-Natal**

**Dundee, Endumeni Herd health**

Beef: 2

**Mooi River, Moorivier Vet Clinic**

Beef: 1

**Three-day-stiffsickness**



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	1.5 (2)	1.5 (2)	1.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	1.6 (8)	2.0 (8)		1.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	1.5 (2)	1.5 (2)	1.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	1.6 (8)	2.1 (7)	
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<b>Dairy</b>	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)
<b>Mpumalanga</b>		
<b>Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek</b>		
Beef: 2		
<b>Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierehospitaal</b>		
Beef: 1		
<b>Gauteng</b>		
<b>Bronkhorstspruit, Kerkstraat Dierekliniek</b>		
Beef: 2		
<b>Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic</b>		
Beef: 1		
<b>Limpopo</b>		
<b>Polokwane, Pietersburg Veterinary Clinic</b>		
Beef: 1		
<b>North West</b>		
<b>Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal</b>		
Beef: 1		
<b>Potchefstroom, Morvet</b>		
Beef: 2		
<b>Free State</b>		
<b>Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels</b>		
Beef: 1		
<b>Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dierespreekkamer</b>		
Beef: 2		
<b>Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic</b>		
Beef: 1		
<b>Parys, Parys Dierehospitaal</b>		
Beef: 2		
<b>Reitz, Riemland Dierehospitaal</b>		
Beef: 2		
<b>Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierekliniek</b>		
Beef: 2		
<b>Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierekliniek</b>		
Beef: 1		
<b>Winburg, Winburg Dierekliniek</b>		
Beef: 2		
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>		
<b>Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic</b>		
Beef: 3		
<b>Bergville, Tugela Vet Clinic</b>		
Beef: 2		
<b>Camperdown, Camperdown Vet Clinic</b>		
Beef: 2		
<b>Mooi River, Mooirivier Vet Clinic</b>		
Beef: 3		
<b>Newcastle, Ncanduvet Newcastle</b>		
Beef: 3		
<b>Pongola, Pongola Animal Clinic</b>		
Beef: 1		
<b>Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery</b>		
Beef: 1, Dairy: 1		
<b>Western Cape</b>		
<b>Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal</b>		
Dairy: 1		

Blue tongue										
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	2.0 (2)	1.0 (2)		2.0 (3)	2.2 (6)	1.5 (2)	1.4 (5)	2.0 (4)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Dairy							1.0 (1)			
Sheep	2.0 (2)	1.0 (1)		2.0 (3)	2.2 (6)	1.5 (2)	1.5 (4)	2.0 (4)		
Goat		1.0 (1)								

#### Mpumalanga

##### Bethal, Bethal Dierekliniek

Sheep: 1

##### Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek

Sheep: 3

#### Gauteng

##### Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic

Goat: 1

##### Pretoria, Onderstepoort Academic Hospital and Production Animal Clinic

Sheep: 1

#### North West

##### Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal

Sheep: 1

##### Leeudoringstad, Leeudoringstad Dierekliniek

Sheep: 2

##### Potchefstroom, Morvet

Sheep: 3

Severe plague of midges

#### Free State

##### Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dierespreekkamer

Sheep: 2

##### Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierekliniek

Sheep: 3

##### Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal

Sheep: 2

##### Philippolis, Rowelsfontein veearts Spreekkamer

Sheep: 1

##### Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap

Sheep: 2

##### Winburg, Winburg Dierekliniek

Sheep: 3

#### Kwazulu-Natal

##### Camperdown, Camperdown Vet Clinic

Sheep: 1

##### Kokstad, E.G.Veterinary Services

Sheep: 2

Rural areas

#### Eastern Cape

**Adelaide, Adelaide Veterinary Clinic**

Sheep: 2

**Graaff-Reinet, Camdeboo Veterinary Clinic**

Sheep: 1

**Graaff-Reinet, Graaff Reinet Veterinary Clinic**

Sheep: 2

**Jeffreys Bay, Cape Cross Veterinary Hospital**

Dairy: 1

**Uitenhage, Uitenhage Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 1

**Western Cape****Heidelberg (WC), Heidelberg Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 2

**Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 2

**Swellendam, Swellendam Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 2

**Wellington, Wellington Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 2

**Nagana**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average						3.0 (1)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

**Beef**

3.0 (1)

**Kwazulu-Natal****Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 3

**Venereal Diseases**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	2.3 (3)			2.3 (4)	2.4 (7)	2.0 (2)	1.8 (5)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

**Beef**

2.3 (3)

2.3 (4)

2.4 (7)

2.0 (2)

1.8 (4)

**Dairy**

2.0 (1)

**Mpumalanga****Bethal, Bethal Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2





Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.5 (2)	1.7 (3)	1.8 (6)	1.0 (1)	1.0 (2)	2.0 (1)
Dairy				1.0 (1)		

#### Mpumalanga

##### **Middelburg , Middelburg Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3

##### **Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

#### North West

##### **Leeudoringstad, Leeudoringstad Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

##### **Potchefstroom, Morvet**

Beef: 2

Positive farm

##### **Schweizer-Reneke, Buffeldoorn Dierekliniek SR**

Beef: 1

#### Free State

##### **Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels**

Beef: 1

##### **Clocolan, Clocolan Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

##### **Ficksburg, Oosvrystaat Diere Produkte**

Beef: 2

##### **Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

##### **Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

##### **Winburg, Winburg Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

#### Kwazulu-Natal

##### **Newcastle, Ncanduvet Newcastle**

Beef: 1

##### **Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery**

Dairy: 1

#### Eastern Cape

##### **Adelaide, Adelaide Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 1

##### **Alexandria, Riverview Trading Vet Consulting Services**

Beef: 1

#### Western Cape

##### **Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

#### Pizzle disease



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
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Average	1.0 (1)
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Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Goat	1.0 (1)
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#### Eastern Cape

##### Graaff-Reinet, Camdeboo Veterinary Clinic

Goat: 1

#### Bacterial Disease (other)

Blackquarter										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	2.2 (5)			2.5 (4)	1.4 (5)	1.7 (3)	2.0 (3)	1.0 (1)	2.5 (2)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.3 (4)		2.3 (3)	1.4 (5)	1.7 (3)	2.0 (2)		2.0 (1)
Dairy						2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	
Sheep	2.0 (1)		3.0 (1)					3.0 (1)

#### Mpumalanga

##### Balfour, Balfour Dierenkliniek

Beef: 3

##### Grootvlei, Grootvlei Dierenkliniek

Beef: 1

##### Standerton, Econovet

Beef: 2

##### Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierenhospitaal

Beef: 3, Sheep: 2

#### North West

##### Christiana, Christiana Dierenhospitaal

Beef: 1

##### Leeudoringstad, Leeudoringstad Dierenkliniek

Beef: 3

Farmers inject multclostridial vaccines, also saw harslagsponsiekte

Sheep: 3

##### Stella, Stella Dierenkliniek

Beef: 3

#### Free State

##### Ficksburg, Oosvrystaat Dieren Produkte

Beef: 1

##### Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic

Beef: 1

##### Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap

Beef: 2

##### Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierenkliniek



**Postmasburg, Postmasburg Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 3

Pulpy Kidney										<a href="#">▲</a>
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	1.5 (2)	2.0 (1)		2.0 (1)	1.8 (6)		1.8 (4)	2.4 (5)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Sheep</b>	1.5 (2)	2.0 (1)		1.8 (6)		2.0 (3)	2.3 (4)			
<b>Goat</b>			2.0 (1)			1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)			

**Mpumalanga****Balfour, Balfour Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 1

**Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 2

**Gauteng****Bronkhorstspruit, Kerkstraat Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 2

**North West****Brits, Brits Dierekliniek**

Goat: 2

**Free State****Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels**

Sheep: 2

**Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 3

**Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 1

**Ladybrand, Ladybrand Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 1

**Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap**

Sheep: 2

**Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 2

**Eastern Cape****Graaff-Reinet, Camdeboo Veterinary Clinic**

Sheep: 1, Goat: 1

**Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 3

**Witelsbos, Witelsbos Veterinary Consulting Rooms**

Sheep: 2

**Western Cape****Caledon, Caledon Dierekliniek**

Goat: 3

**Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital**

Sheep: 2

**Malmesbury, Dr Otto Kriek**

**Sheep: 3**

3 month old lambs were put on relatively green pasture, were dewormed recently, are still suckling and received creep feeding. They had only received one vaccination (3 weeks ago) against Pulpy Kidney (Multi-clostridial vaccine) before being put out to pastures. >20 deaths so far

**Oudtshoorn, Ostrimed**

**Sheep: 2**

Feedlotting due to drought, mixtures not fed consistently

**Riversdale, Riversdal Dierekliniek**

**Sheep: 2**

Lamb dysentry										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average							3.0 (1)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

**Sheep**

3.0 (1)

**Eastern Cape**

**Somerset East, Bosberg Veterinary Clinic**

**Sheep: 3**

Swelled head disease										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average				1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)		2.0 (1)	2.0 (1)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

**Beef**

1.0 (1) 1.0 (1)

**Sheep**

2.0 (1) 2.0 (1)

**North West**

**Rustenburg, Bergbos Dierekliniek**

**Beef: 1**

**Free State**

**Vrede, Saulshoek Dierepraktyk**

**Beef: 1**

**Eastern Cape**

**Graaff-Reinet, Graaff Reinet Veterinary Clinic**

**Sheep: 2**

**Western Cape**

**Beaufort West, Beaufort West State Vet**

**Sheep: 2**

Animals given additional feed, not vaccinated

**Red gut (cattle)**

▲

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	1.0 (1)			3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)		1.0 (2)	1.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	1.0 (1)		3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)		1.0 (2)		
Dairy							1.0 (1)	

### Mpumalanga

#### Balfour, Balfour Dierenkliniek

Beef: 1

### North West

#### Potchefstroom, Morvet

Beef: 3

Feed lots

### Free State

#### Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap

Beef: 2

### Eastern Cape

#### Aliwal North, Herzogbrug Dierenkliniek

Beef: 1

#### Port Alfred, Port Alfred Veterinary Clinic

Beef: 1

Clostridial enterotoxaemia 1 - Shaw Park

### Western Cape

#### Darling, Tygerberg Dierenhospitaal Darling

Dairy: 1

### Blood gut (Sheep)



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	2.0 (3)				1.5 (2)	2.0 (1)		1.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Sheep	2.5 (2)			1.5 (2)	2.0 (1)		1.0 (1)	
Goat	1.0 (1)							

### Mpumalanga

#### Balfour, Balfour Dierenkliniek

Goat: 1

#### Lydenburg, Longtom Dierenkliniek

Sheep: 2

#### Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierenhospitaal

Sheep: 3

<b>Free State</b>
<b>Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal</b>
Sheep: 1
<b>Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierenkliniek</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>
<b>Vryheid, Vryheid Privaat Veeartse</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>Western Cape</b>
<b>Darling, Tygerberg Dierehospitaal Darling</b>
Sheep: 1

Tetanus										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
<b>Average</b>					1.0 (1)			1.0 (1)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Sheep</b>	1.0 (1)									
<b>Goat</b>							1.0 (1)			

<b>Free State</b>
<b>Clocolan, Clocolan Dierenkliniek</b>
Sheep: 1
<b>Eastern Cape</b>
<b>Witelsbos, Witelsbos Veterinary Consulting Rooms</b>

Salmonellosis										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
<b>Average</b>						2.0 (1)				

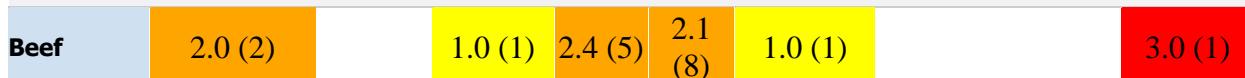
Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	2.0 (1)									
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>										

<b>Mooi River, Mooirivier Vet Clinic</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Brucella abortus</b>



Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported



### **Mpumalanga**

#### **Ermelo, Môregloed Veterinêre Spreekkamer**

Beef: 2

#### **Standerton, Econovet**

Beef: 2

### **Limpopo**

#### **Polokwane, Pietersburg Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 1

### **North West**

#### **Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3

#### **Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 1

#### **Lichtenburg, Dr CM Kruger-Rall**

Beef: 3

13 cases

#### **Potchefstroom, Morvet**

Beef: 2

#### **Stella, Stella Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

### **Free State**

#### **Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels**

Beef: 1

New farm, herd in Bloemfontein area

#### **Clocolan, Clocolan Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2

#### **Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

#### **Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

#### **Ladybrand, Ladybrand Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

#### **Smithfield, Freestate Smithfield SV**

Beef: 1

Previous outbreak - one positive

#### **Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap**

Beef: 3

#### **Winburg, Winburg Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2

### **Kwazulu-Natal**

#### **Mooi River, Mooirivier Vet Clinic**

Beef: 1

### **Northern Cape**

#### **Kimberley, Kimberley Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

63 cases

<i>Brucella ovis</i>									
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average					3.0 (1)			1.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported.

<b>Sheep</b>	3.0 (1)	1.0 (1)
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**Free State**

**Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Vennootskap**

**Sheep:** 3

Western Cape

**Beaufort West, Beaufort West State Vet**

**Sheep:** 1

#### Previously infected stud

<i>Pseudomonas</i>										
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average					1.0 (1)					

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>		1.0 (1)
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Free State

Vrede, Saulshoek Dierepraktyk

Beef: 1

Septicaemia										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average						1.5 (2)			2.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	2.0 (1)
<b>Dairy</b>	1.0 (1)
<b>Sheep</b>	2.0 (1)
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>	

**Dundee, Endumeni Herd health**

Beef: 2, Dairy: 1

**Western Cape****Beaufort West, Beaufort West State Vet**

Sheep: 2

Reports from Carnarvon area.

<b><i>E. coli</i></b>										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
<b>Average</b>	2.2 (5)	2.5 (2)		3.0 (8)	2.7 (15)	1.0 (1)	2.0 (2)	3.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	
Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported										
<b>Beef</b>	2.3 (3)	2.0 (1)		3.0 (3)	2.8 (5)					
<b>Dairy</b>					3.0 (1)		3.0 (1)			
<b>Sheep</b>	2.0 (2)	3.0 (1)		3.0 (5)	2.6 (9)	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	

**Mpumalanga****Balfour, Balfour Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

**Lydenburg, Longtom Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

**Standerton, Econovet**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

**Gauteng****Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Pretoria, Anima Veterinary Consulting Rooms**

Sheep: 3

**North West****Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Leeudoringstad, Leeudoringstad Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 3

Lambs

**Potchefstroom, Morvet**

Sheep: 3

**Stella, Stella Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Ventersdorp, Ventersdorp Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Free State****Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels**

Sheep: 3

**Ciocolan, Ciocolan Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3, Dairy: 3, Sheep: 3

**Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek**



**Postmasburg, Postmasburg Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 2

**Intrauterine Gangrene**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average				2.0 (1)			2.0 (1)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

**Goat**

2.0 (1)

2.0 (1)

**North West****Leeudoringstad, Leeudoringstad Dierekliniek**

Goat: 2

**Eastern Cape****Graaff-Reinet, Graaff Reinet Veterinary Clinic**

Goat: 2

*Clostridium septicum***Listeriosis**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average								2.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

**Sheep**

2.0 (1)

**Western Cape****Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital**

Sheep: 2

**Other**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average		1.0 (1)		2.0 (1)		3.0 (1)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

**Beef**

3.0 (1)

**Sheep**

2.0 (1)

**Goat**

1.0 (1)

**Gauteng****Pretoria, Onderstepoort Academic Hospital and Production Animal Clinic**

Goat: 1

Vaginitis

**North West****Leeudoringstad, Leeudoringstad Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 2

Klebsiella isolated in lambs - die acutely, fibrinous, purulent pneumonia and pleuritis. In one case *Citrobacter* was isolated**Kwazulu-Natal****Newcastle, Ncanduvet Newcastle**

Beef: 3

Pasteurella

**Protozoal diseases (other)****Besnoitiosis**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average		1.0 (1)		2.0 (1)		1.0 (1)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

**Beef**

1.0 (1)

2.0 (1)

1.0 (1)

**Gauteng****Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 1

**North West****Rustenburg, Bergbos Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

**Kwazulu-Natal****Eshowe, Eshowe Veterinary Hospital**

Beef: 1

Suspected

**Coccidiosis**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	2.0 (2)	1.5 (2)		2.0 (1)	2.3 (6)	1.5 (2)	1.3 (4)	2.0 (4)	1.0 (1)

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

**Beef**

1.5 (2)

1.0 (1)

**Dairy**

2.0 (1)

**Sheep**

2.0 (1)

2.0 (1)

2.0 (1)

2.3 (6)

2.0 (2)

**Goat**

2.0 (1)

1.0 (1)

1.0 (3)

2.0 (2)

**Mpumalanga****Nelspruit, Nelspruit Animal Hospital**

Goat: 2





Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	2.0 (1)	3.0 (2)	2.5 (2)		
<b>Dairy</b>		3.0 (1)		3.0 (1)	
<b>Sheep</b>	3.0 (1)	3.0 (2)	2.7 (7)		2.0 (1)
<b>Goat</b>	2.0 (1)				

#### Gauteng

##### **Magaliesburg, Magaliesburg; Dr Ryan Jeffrey**

Beef: 2, Goat: 2

##### **Pretoria, Anima Veterinary Consulting Rooms**

Sheep: 3

*Giardia* - 3; *Entamoeba* - 3

#### North West

##### **Potchefstroom, Morvet**

Sheep: 3

Halofuginone treatment

##### **Schweizer-Reneke, Buffeloord Dierenkliniek SR**

Sheep: 3

#### Free State

##### **Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dierespreekamer**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

##### **Clocolan, Clocolan Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3, Dairy: 3, Sheep: 3

##### **Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 3

##### **Ladybrand, Ladybrand Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 3

##### **Parys, Parys Dierenhospitaal**

Sheep: 2

##### **Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap**

Sheep: 3

##### **Vrede, Saulshoek Dierenpraktijk**

Sheep: 2

#### Kwazulu-Natal

##### **Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

##### **Newcastle, Ncanduvet Newcastle**

Beef: 3

#### Eastern Cape

##### **Jeffreys Bay, Cape Cross Veterinary Hospital**

Dairy: 3

#### Western Cape

##### **Riversdale, Riversdal Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 2

## Fungal diseases

Ringworm										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	1.5 (2)			2.0 (1)	2.0 (3)	1.5 (2)		2.0 (1)		
Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported										
Beef	1.5 (2)			2.0 (1)	2.0 (3)	1.5 (2)				
Dairy								2.0 (1)		

#### Mpumalanga

##### Balfour, Balfour Dierekliniek

Beef: 1

##### Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dierespreekkamer

Beef: 2

#### North West

##### Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal

Beef: 2

#### Free State

##### Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels

Beef: 2

##### Clocolan, Clocolan Dierekliniek

Beef: 2

##### Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal

Beef: 2

#### Kwazulu-Natal

##### Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic

Beef: 2

##### Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic

Beef: 1

#### Western Cape

##### Caledon, Caledon Dierekliniek

Dairy: 2

## Viral Diseases (other)

BMC (snotsiekte)										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	1.3 (3)	1.0 (2)		2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	
Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported										
Beef	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	1.3 (3)	1.0 (2)			1.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Viral Diseases (other)										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	1.3 (3)	1.0 (2)		2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	
Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported										
Beef	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	1.3 (3)	1.0 (2)			1.0 (1)	

<b>Dairy</b>	<b>2.0 (1)</b>								
<b>Mpumalanga</b>									
<b>Middelburg , Middelburg Dierehospitaal</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Gauteng</b>									
<b>Pretoria, Anima Veterinary Consulting Rooms</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Limpopo</b>									
<b>Polokwane, Pietersburg Veterinary Clinic</b>									
Beef: 3									
<b>North West</b>									
<b>Schweizer-Reneke, Buffeldoorn Dierekliniek SR</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Free State</b>									
<b>Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Vrede, Vrede Dierehospitaal</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>									
<b>Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Pongola, Pongola Animal Clinic</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Western Cape</b>									
<b>George, George Animal Hospital</b>									
Dairy: 2									
<b>Northern Cape</b>									
<b>Postmasburg, Postmasburg Dierekliniek</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Rabies</b>									
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average				1.0 (1)					
Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported									
<b>Goat</b>	<b>1.0 (1)</b>								
<b>North West</b>									
<b>Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal</b>									
Goat: 1									
Jackal									
<b>BVD (Bovine viral diarrhoea)</b>									
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average		1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)			1.0 (1)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)													
<b>Gauteng</b>																
<b>Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic</b>																
Beef: 1																
<b>Limpopo</b>																
<b>Polokwane, Pietersburg Veterinary Clinic</b>																
Beef: 1																
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>																
<b>Mooi River, Moorivier Vet Clinic</b>																
Beef: 1																
<b>IBR (Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis)</b>										<u>▲</u>						
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape							
<b>Average</b>		1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	2.0 (2)	1.0 (1)										

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	2.0 (2)	1.0 (1)													
<b>Limpopo</b>																		
<b>Polokwane, Pietersburg Veterinary Clinic</b>																		
Beef: 1																		
<b>North West</b>																		
<b>Leeudoringstad, Leeudoringstad Dierenkliniek</b>																		
Beef: 3																		
Veldt cattle																		
<b>Free State</b>																		
<b>Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierenkliniek</b>																		
Beef: 3																		
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>																		
<b>Bergville, Tugela Vet Clinic</b>																		
Beef: 1																		
<b>Vryheid, Vryheid Privaat Veeartse</b>																		
Beef: 3																		
<b>Eastern Cape</b>																		
<b>Aliwal North, Herzogbrug Dierenkliniek</b>																		
Beef: 1																		
<b>BRSV (Bovine respiratory syncytial virus)</b>										1.0 (1)								
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape			<u>▲</u>						
<b>Average</b>										1.0 (1)								

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Dairy</b>	1.0 (1)
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#### **Western Cape**

##### **Stellenbosch, Stellenbosch Animal Hospital**

Dairy: 1

PI3										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average									1.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.0 (1)
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#### **Eastern Cape**

##### **Witelsbos, Witelsbos Veterinary Consulting Rooms**

Beef: 1

Enzootic Bovine Leucosis (EBL)										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average					1.0 (1)	1.0 (2)		2.3 (3)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.0 (2)	2.0 (1)
<b>Dairy</b>	1.0 (1)	2.5 (2)

#### **Free State**

##### **Clocolan, Clocolan Dierenkliniek**

Dairy: 1

#### **Kwazulu-Natal**

##### **Mooi River, Moirivier Vet Clinic**

Beef: 1

##### **Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery**

Beef: 1

#### **Western Cape**

##### **Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital**

Dairy: 3

##### **Darling, Tygerberg Dierenhospitaal Darling**

Beef: 2

##### **Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierenhospitaal**

Dairy: 2

<b>Jaagsiekte</b>	▲
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PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average				1.0 (1)					

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Sheep	1.0 (1)
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#### North West

##### Schweizer-Reneke, Buffelidoorn Dierekliniek SR

Sheep: 1

Orf	▲								
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	1.3 (3)	2.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	2.4 (5)	2.1 (7)	1.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	2.8 (4)	3.0 (1)

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	3.0 (1)								
Sheep	1.5 (2)			2.3 (3)	2.2 (6)	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	2.8 (4)	3.0 (1)
Goat	1.0 (1)	2.0 (1)		2.5 (2)	2.0 (1)		2.0 (1)		

#### Mpumalanga

##### Balfour, Balfour Dierekliniek

Goat: 1

##### Ermelo, Môregloed Veterinêre Spreekkamer

Sheep: 1

##### Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek

Sheep: 2

#### Gauteng

##### Pretoria, Onderstepoort Academic Hospital and Production Animal Clinic

Goat: 2

#### Limpopo

##### Mokopane, Dr Henk Visser

Beef: 3

#### North West

##### Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal

Sheep: 2

##### Potchefstroom, Morvet

Sheep: 3, Goat: 3

##### Ventersdorp, Ventersdorp Dierekliniek

Sheep: 2, Goat: 2

#### Free State

##### Clocolan, Clocolan Dierekliniek

Sheep: 2

##### Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierekliniek



<b>North West</b>									
<b>Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Free State</b>									
<b>Reitz, Riemland Dierehospitaal</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>									
<b>Bergville, Tugela Vet Clinic</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Eshowe, Eshowe Veterinary Hospital</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Western Cape</b>									
<b>George, George Animal Hospital</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Worcester, Durban Straat Dierenkliniek Worcester</b>									
Sheep: 2									
<b>Sheep leucosis</b>									
<b>PROVINCE</b>	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
<b>Average</b>							3.0 (1)		
Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported									
<b>Sheep</b>							3.0 (1)		
<b>Eastern Cape</b>									
<b>Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal</b>									
Sheep: 3									
<b>Rota virus</b>									
<b>PROVINCE</b>	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
<b>Average</b>							1.0 (1)		
Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported									
<b>Beef</b>							1.0 (1)		
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>									
<b>Newcastle, Ncanduvet Newcastle</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Poisonings (Plant) and Fungal</b>									
<b>Cestrum</b>									

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average					1.5 (4)		2.0 (1)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef		1.5 (4)							
Dairy						2.0 (1)			

#### Free State

##### Clocolan, Clocolan Dierekliniek

Beef: 1

##### Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal

Beef: 1

##### Reitz, Riemland Dierehospitaal

Beef: 2

##### Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierekliniek

Beef: 2

#### Eastern Cape

##### Somerset East, Bosberg Veterinary Clinic

Dairy: 2

#### Facial eczema



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average						2.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Dairy		2.0 (1)							
Sheep						1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)		

#### Eastern Cape

##### Alexandria, Alexandria Platteland Spreekamer

Dairy: 2

#### Western Cape

##### Heidelberg (WC), Heidelberg Dierekliniek

Sheep: 1

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average					2.0 (1)				

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Sheep</b>	2.0 (1)
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#### **Free State**

##### **Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap**

Sheep: 2

<b>Kikuyu poisoning</b>										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average							3.0 (1)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Dairy</b>	3.0 (1)
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#### **Eastern Cape**

##### **Alexandria, Alexandria Platteland Spreekamer**

Dairy: 3

<b>Lantana</b>										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	2.0 (1)		2.0 (1)			2.0 (3)				

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	2.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	2.0 (3)
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#### **Mpumalanga**

##### **Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

#### **Limpopo**

##### **Tzaneen, ZZZ Farm Practice**

Beef: 2

XXKV3A VZ

#### **Kwazulu-Natal**

##### **Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

##### **Dundee, Endumeni Herd health**

Beef: 2

##### **Eshowe, Eshowe Veterinary Hospital**

Beef: 2

<b>Nitrate poisoning</b>										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	

Average	1.0 (1)	2.0 (1)
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Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Dairy	2.0 (1)
Sheep	1.0 (1)

#### Free State

##### **Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 1

#### Western Cape

##### **Swellendam, Swellendam Dierehospitaal**

Dairy: 2

#### Prussic acid poisoning



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average					2.0 (1)			2.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Sheep	2.0 (1)	2.0 (1)
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#### Free State

##### **Reitz, Riemland Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 2

#### Eastern Cape

##### **Witelsbos, Witelsbos Veterinary Consulting Rooms**

Sheep: 2

#### Tulip Poisoning



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	1.7 (3)			3.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	2.0 (2)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	1.7 (3)	3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	
Dairy					2.0 (2)
Sheep			3.0 (1)		

#### Mpumalanga

**Ermelo, Môregloed Veterinêre Spreekkamer**

Beef: 2

**Hendrina, Mooiplaas Veterinêre Dienste**

Beef: 1

**Standerton, Econovet**

Beef: 2

**North West****Stella, Stella Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

**Free State****Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 3

**Kwazulu-Natal****Dundee, Endumeni Herd health**

Beef: 2

**Eastern Cape****Graaff-Reinet, Graaff Reinet Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 1

**Western Cape****Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital**

Dairy: 2

**Swellendam, Swellendam Dierenhospitaal**

Dairy: 2

Mycotoxicosis										
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average							3.0 (1)	2.0 (2)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Dairy								2.0 (2)		
Sheep							3.0 (1)			

**Eastern Cape****Witelsbos, Witelsbos Veterinary Consulting Rooms**

Sheep: 3

**Western Cape****Darling, Tygerberg Dierenhospitaal Darling**

Dairy: 2

**Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierenhospitaal**

Dairy: 2

Other										
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average							1.0 (1)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Goat</b>	1.0 (1)
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**Eastern Cape**
**Graaff-Reinet, Camdeboo Veterinary Clinic**

Goat: 1

Datura

**Poisonings**
**Water contamination**


PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
<b>Average</b>		3.0 (1)			3.0 (1)			1.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Sheep</b>	3.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	1.0 (1)
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**Gauteng**
**Pretoria, Anima Veterinary Consulting Rooms**

Sheep: 3

**Free State**
**Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dierespreekkamer**

Sheep: 3

**Western Cape**
**Malmesbury, Dr Otto Kriek**

Sheep: 1

**Urea Poisoning**


PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
<b>Average</b>	1.5 (2)				2.0 (2)	2.0 (1)	3.0 (2)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.5 (2)		1.0 (1)	2.0 (1)					
<b>Dairy</b>							3.0 (2)		
<b>Sheep</b>				3.0 (1)					

**Mpumalanga**
**Grootvlei, Grootvlei Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

**Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

**Free State**

<b>Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dieresprekkamer</b>									
Sheep: 3									
<b>Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierekliniek</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>									
<b>Mooi River, Mooirivier Vet Clinic</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Eastern Cape</b>									
<b>Alexandria, Riverview Trading Vet Consulting Services</b>									
Dairy: 3									
<b>Somerset East, Bosberg Veterinary Clinic</b>									
Dairy: 3									
Massive losses, 47 late pregnant heifers when fertilzer was accidentally mixed into ration									
<b>Snake Bite</b>									
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average					1.0 (1)				

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported.

<b>Beef</b>		1.0 (1)							
<b>Free State</b>									
<b>Reitz, Riemland Dierehospitaal</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Blue-green algae</b>									
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
<b>Average</b>					2.0 (1)				

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported.

<b>Beef</b>		2.0 (1)							
<b>Free State</b>									
<b>Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Copper Poisoning</b>									
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape

Average								1.0 (1)	
Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported									
Sheep								1.0 (1)	
<b>Eastern Cape</b>									
<b>Graaff-Reinet, Camdeboo Veterinary Clinic</b>									
Sheep: 1									
<b>Macro Nutritional Problems</b>									
<b>Energy deficiency</b>									▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	2.0 (1)					3.0 (1)	2.8 (4)	1.8 (5)	2.0 (3)
Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported									
Beef	2.0 (1)					3.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	2.0 (2)	2.0 (1)
Dairy								2.0 (1)	
Sheep						2.5 (2)	1.5 (2)	2.0 (1)	
Goat						3.0 (1)		2.0 (1)	
<b>Mpumalanga</b>									
<b>Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dierespreekkamer</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>									
<b>Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery</b>									
Beef: 3									
<b>Eastern Cape</b>									
<b>Graaff-Reinet, Graaff Reinet Veterinary Clinic</b>									
Sheep: 2									
<b>Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal</b>									
Beef: 3, Sheep: 3, Goat: 3									
<b>Western Cape</b>									
<b>Malmesbury, Dr Otto Kriek</b>									
Sheep: 1									
<b>Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal</b>									
Beef: 2, Dairy: 2, Sheep: 2									
<b>Worcester, Durban Straat Dierekliniek Worcester</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Northern Cape</b>									
<b>Postmasburg, Postmasburg Dierekliniek</b>									
Beef: 2, Sheep: 2, Goat: 2									
<b>Protein deficiency</b>									▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape

Average	2.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	3.0 (3)	1.8 (5)
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Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	2.0 (2)
Dairy			2.0 (1)
Sheep		3.0 (1)	1.5 (2)
Goat	2.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	

#### Mpumalanga

##### Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dieresprekkamer

Beef: 2

#### Gauteng

##### Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic

Goat: 2

#### Eastern Cape

##### Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3, Goat: 3

#### Western Cape

##### Malmesbury, Dr Otto Kriek

Sheep: 1

##### Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal

Beef: 2, Dairy: 2, Sheep: 2

##### Worcester, Durban Straat Dierekliniek Worcester

Beef: 2

Phosphate deficiency										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average				2.0 (1)			1.0 (1)			2.0 (1)

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	2.0 (1)
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#### North West

##### Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal

Beef: 2

#### Eastern Cape

##### Humansdorp, Humansdorp Veterinary Clinic

Beef: 1

#### Northern Cape

##### Postmasburg, Postmasburg Dierekliniek

Beef: 2

Calcium deficiency										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	

Average	3.0 (1)	2.0 (3)
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Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)
Dairy		2.0 (1)
Sheep		2.0 (1)

#### Kwazulu-Natal

##### Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery

Beef: 3

#### Western Cape

##### Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal

Beef: 2, Dairy: 2, Sheep: 2

## Micro Nutritional Problems

Copper deficiency										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average								2.0 (1)	2.5 (2)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.0 (1)
Dairy	3.0 (1)
Goat	2.0 (1)

#### Kwazulu-Natal

##### Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery

Beef: 2

#### Western Cape

##### Stellenbosch, Stellenbosch Animal Hospital

Goat: 2

##### Swellendam, Swellendam Dierehospitaal

Dairy: 3

Selenium deficiency										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	2.0 (1)			1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.0 (1)	2.0 (1)
Dairy		3.0 (1)

<b>Sheep</b>	1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	1.0 (1)
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**Mpumalanga**
**Standerton, Econovet**

Beef: 2

**North West**
**Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 1

**Free State**
**Ladybrand, Ladybrand Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 3

**Kwazulu-Natal**
**Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery**

Beef: 2

**Eastern Cape**
**Somerset East, Bosberg Veterinary Clinic**

Sheep: 1

**Western Cape**
**Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital**

Dairy: 3

**Magnesium deficiency**


PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average							3.0 (1)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

**Sheep**

3.0 (1)

**Eastern Cape**
**Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 3

**Manganese deficiency**


PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average							1.0 (1)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

**Dairy**

1.0 (1)

**Western Cape**
**Stellenbosch, Stellenbosch Animal Hospital**

Dairy: 1

**Iodine deficiency**


PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average						1.0 (1)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef		1.0 (1)							
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#### **Kwazulu-Natal**

##### **Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery**

Beef: 1

Vitamin A deficiency									▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average				3.0 (1)	3.0 (1)			3.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef		3.0 (1)							
Sheep					3.0 (1)			3.0 (1)	

#### **North West**

##### **Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3

#### **Free State**

##### **Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap**

Sheep: 3

#### **Western Cape**

##### **Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital**

Sheep: 3

Vitamin B 1 deficiency									▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average									1.5 (2)

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef		1.0 (1)							
Sheep						2.0 (1)			

#### **Northern Cape**

##### **Kimberley, Kimberley Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 1

Thiamine deficiency

**Postmasburg, Postmasburg Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 2

**Multi-factorial Disease Conditions**

Abortions										
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	1.6 (5)			2.0 (3)	1.6 (14)	2.0 (7)	2.5 (2)	2.6 (7)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	1.0 (3)		2.0 (2)	1.7 (7)	2.0 (7)	2.0 (1)	2.0 (2)		
Dairy	2.0 (1)			1.0 (1)		3.0 (1)	2.8 (5)		
Sheep			2.0 (1)	1.8 (5)					
Goat	3.0 (1)			1.0 (1)					

**Mpumalanga****Balfour, Balfour Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

**Bethal, Bethal Dierekliniek**

Dairy: 2

**Hendrina, Mooiplaas Veterinêre Dienste**

Beef: 1

**Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek**

Goat: 3

**Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 1

**North West****Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

**Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

**Free State****Clocolan, Clocolan Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

**Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 1, Dairy: 1

**Ladybrand, Ladybrand Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

**Parys, Parys Dierehospitaal**

Goat: 1

Unknown cause

**Philippolis, Rowelsfontein veearts Spreekkamer**

Sheep: 1
<b>Reitz, Riemland Dierehospitaal</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap</b>
Beef: 2, Sheep: 2
<b>Vrede, Vrede Dierehospitaal</b>
Beef: 2
Awaiting results
<b>Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierenkliniek</b>
Sheep: 1
<b>Winburg, Winburg Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>
<b>Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Bergville, Tugela Vet Clinic</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Dundee, Endumeni Herd health</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Eshowe, Eshowe Veterinary Hospital</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Mooi River, Mooirivier Vet Clinic</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Vryheid, Vryheid Privaat Veeartse</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Eastern Cape</b>
<b>Humansdorp, Humansdorp Veterinary Clinic</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Somerset East, Bosberg Veterinary Clinic</b>
Dairy: 3
<b>Western Cape</b>
<b>Darling, Tygerberg Dierenhospitaal Darling</b>
Dairy: 3
Feed induced
<b>Malmesbury, Dr Otto Kriek</b>
Dairy: 2
<b>Malmesbury, Invitrotech</b>
Dairy: 3
<b>Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierenhospitaal</b>
Beef: 2, Dairy: 3
<b>Stellenbosch, Stellenbosch Animal Hospital</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Swellendam, Swellendam Dierenhospitaal</b>
Dairy: 3

Stillbirths										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
<b>Average</b>		1.0 (1)			2.3 (3)	2.0 (1)		1.5 (2)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)
<b>Dairy</b>				2.0 (1)
<b>Sheep</b>		2.0 (2)		

#### Gauteng

##### Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic

Beef: 1

#### Free State

##### Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

##### Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierenkliniek

Sheep: 1

#### Kwazulu-Natal

##### Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic

Beef: 2

#### Western Cape

##### Riversdale, Riversdal Dierenkliniek

Dairy: 2

##### Stellenbosch, Stellenbosch Animal Hospital

Beef: 1

#### Abscesses



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
<b>Average</b>	1.3 (3)	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	3.0 (2)	2.0 (6)	1.5 (2)	1.5 (4)	1.9 (9)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.3 (3)	1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	2.5 (2)	2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	2.0 (2)	
<b>Dairy</b>						1.0 (1)	2.0 (3)	
<b>Sheep</b>		1.0 (1)		3.0 (1)	2.0 (3)		2.0 (1)	1.8 (4)
<b>Goat</b>				1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	2.0 (1)		

#### Mpumalanga

##### Balfour, Balfour Dierenkliniek

Beef: 1

##### Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dierespreekkamer

Beef: 2

##### Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierehospitaal

Beef: 1

#### Gauteng

##### Pretoria, Anima Veterinary Consulting Rooms

Sheep: 1

**Limpopo**

**Tzaneen, ZZ2 Farm Practice**

Beef: 1

PZSTBA TED JONES BULL

**North West**

**Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Free State**

**Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dierespreekkamer**

Sheep: 2

**Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Smithfield, Freestate Smithfield SV**

Goat: 1

*Corynebacterium pseudotuberculosis*

**Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 1

**Winburg, Winburg Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2

**Kwazulu-Natal**

**Camperdown, Camperdown Vet Clinic**

Goat: 1

CLA

**Mooi River, Mooirivier Vet Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Eastern Cape**

**Graaff-Reinet, Graaff Reinet Veterinary Clinic**

Sheep: 2

**Humansdorp, Humansdorp Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 1

**Port Alfred, Port Alfred Veterinary Clinic**

Goat: 2

Hoof abscesses - 2 cases

**Somerset East, Bosberg Veterinary Clinic**

Dairy: 1

Mitral valve abscess growing into the left ventricle

**Western Cape**

**Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital**

Sheep: 2

**Darling, Tygerberg Dierenhospitaal Darling**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

**Malmesbury, Invitrotech**

Dairy: 2

**Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 2, Dairy: 3, Sheep: 2

**Oudtshoorn, Ostrimed**

Sheep: 1

**Plettenberg Bay, Plettenberg Bay A Reitz**

Dairy: 1

Friesland cow died, liver abscesses seen at necropsy. One in 400 animals. Animal had pain, abscess blocked gall bladder

**Abscesses in general**



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	1.5 (4)	1.7 (3)	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	2.5 (4)	2.0 (2)	3.0 (1)	2.0 (3)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.5 (2)	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	2.5 (2)	2.0 (2)		2.0 (1)	
<b>Dairy</b>								2.0 (1)	
<b>Sheep</b>	2.0 (1)	2.0 (1)			2.5 (2)		3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	
<b>Goat</b>	1.0 (1)	2.0 (1)							

#### **Mpumalanga**

##### **Hendrina, Mooiplaas Veterinäre Dienste**

Beef: 1

##### **Lydenburg, Longtom Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

##### **Nelspruit, Nelspruit Animal Hospital**

Goat: 1

#### **Gauteng**

##### **Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 1, Goat: 2

##### **Pretoria, Onderstepoort Academic Hospital and Production Animal Clinic**

Sheep: 2

#### **Limpopo**

##### **Mokopane, Dr Henk Visser**

Beef: 1

#### **North West**

##### **Schweizer-Reneke, Buffeloord Dierenkliniek SR**

Beef: 1

#### **Free State**

##### **Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

##### **Winburg, Winburg Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

#### **Kwazulu-Natal**

##### **Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

##### **Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2

Ticks

#### **Eastern Cape**

##### **Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierenhospitaal**

Sheep: 3

#### **Western Cape**

##### **Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 2, Dairy: 2, Sheep: 2

**Bladder stones**



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average		1.0 (1)			2.0 (1)		2.0 (1)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Sheep				2.0 (1)		2.0 (1)		
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Goat	1.0 (1)
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#### Gauteng

##### Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic

Goat: 1

#### Free State

##### Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap

Sheep: 2

#### Eastern Cape

##### Graaff-Reinet, Graaff Reinet Veterinary Clinic

Sheep: 2

#### Blindness



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	2.0 (2)						2.0 (1)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.0 (1)
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Sheep	2.0 (1)
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2.0 (1)

#### Mpumalanga

##### Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

#### Western Cape

##### Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital

Sheep: 2

#### Bloat



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	1.7 (3)			1.0 (1)	1.5 (4)	2.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	1.8 (4)	1.0 (1)

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.0 (2)	1.0 (1)	2.0 (2)		2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)
<b>Dairy</b>				2.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	2.0 (2)
<b>Sheep</b>	3.0 (1)		1.0 (2)			1.0 (1)
<b>Goat</b>				1.0 (1)		

#### **Mpumalanga**

**Grootvlei, Grootvlei Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

**Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

**Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 3

#### **North West**

**Schweizer-Reneke, Buffeloord Dierekliniek SR**

Beef: 1

#### **Free State**

**Ficksburg, Oosvrystaat Diere Produkte**

Sheep: 1

**Ladybrand, Ladybrand Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 1

**Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Winburg, Winburg Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

#### **Kwazulu-Natal**

**Dundee, Endumeni Herd health**

Dairy: 2

#### **Eastern Cape**

**Alexandria, Alexandria Platteland Spreekamer**

Dairy: 2

**Graaff-Reinet, Camdeboo Veterinary Clinic**

Goat: 1

#### **Western Cape**

**Beaufort West, Beaufort Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 1

**Malmesbury, Invitrotech**

Dairy: 1

**Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2, Dairy: 3

#### **Northern Cape**

**Kimberley, Kimberley Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

### **Blood gut (sheep and goat)**



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
<b>Average</b>	3.0 (1)				2.0 (2)				

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Sheep</b>	3.0 (1)	2.0 (2)
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### **Mpumalanga**

#### **Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 3

#### **Free State**

#### **Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap**

Sheep: 2

#### **Vrede, Vrede Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 2

### **Blue udder**



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
<b>Average</b>	2.0 (2)				1.8 (4)		3.0 (1)	2.0 (4)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Sheep</b>	2.0 (2)		1.8 (4)		3.0 (1)	2.0 (4)	
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### **Mpumalanga**

#### **Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 2

#### **Standerton, Econovet**

Sheep: 2

#### **Free State**

#### **Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 2

#### **Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap**

Sheep: 2

#### **Vrede, Vrede Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 1

#### **Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 2

#### **Eastern Cape**

#### **Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 3

#### **Western Cape**

#### **Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital**

Sheep: 2

#### **Piketberg, Piketberg Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 3

#### **Riversdale, Riversdal Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 2

#### **Stellenbosch, Stellenbosch Animal Hospital**

Sheep: 1

Diarrhoea										<u>▲</u>
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	2.4 (5)	3.0 (1)		3.0 (7)	2.6 (18)	2.4 (10)	2.0 (1)	2.6 (7)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.7 (3)	3.0 (1)		3.0 (3)	2.6 (7)	2.7 (6)	2.0 (1)	2.5 (2)		
Dairy					3.0 (1)	1.0 (1)			2.5 (4)	
Sheep	3.0 (1)			3.0 (4)	2.7 (9)	2.0 (1)			3.0 (1)	
Goat	1.0 (1)				2.0 (1)	2.5 (2)				

### **Mpumalanga**

#### **Grootvlei, Grootvlei Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

#### **Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

#### **Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dierespreekkamer**

Beef: 3

#### **Nelspruit, Nelspruit Animal Hospital**

Goat: 1

### **Gauteng**

#### **Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 3

### **North West**

#### **Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

#### **Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

#### **Lichtenburg, Dr CM Kruger-Rall**

Sheep: 3

Lambs

#### **Stella, Stella Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

### **Free State**

#### **Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dierespreekkamer**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3, Goat: 2

#### **Clocolan, Clocolan Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3, Dairy: 3, Sheep: 3

#### **Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

#### **Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 3

#### **Ladybrand, Ladybrand Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 3

**Reitz, Riemland Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

**Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 3

**Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 1

**Winburg, Winburg Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

**Kwazulu-Natal****Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 3

**Bergville, Tugela Vet Clinic**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2, Goat: 2

**Dundee, Endumeni Herd health**

Beef: 3, Dairy: 1

**Mooi River, Mooirivier Vet Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery**

Beef: 3

**Vryheid, Vryheid Privaat Veeartse**

Beef: 3, Goat: 3

**Eastern Cape****Humansdorp, Humansdorp Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Western Cape****Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital**

Dairy: 2

**Malmesbury, Invitrotech**

Dairy: 2

**Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3, Dairy: 3, Sheep: 3

**Oudtshoorn, Ostrimed**

Beef: 2

Bought in calves for rearing

**Swellendam, Swellendam Dierehospitaal**

Dairy: 3

**Epididymitis**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average		2.0 (1)			1.0 (1)				

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Sheep		2.0 (1)		1.0 (1)					
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**Gauteng****Pretoria, Anima Veterinary Consulting Rooms**

Sheep: 2

Free State									
<b>Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dierespreekkamer</b>									
Sheep: 1									
<b>Eye Cancer</b>									^
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average					1.4 (7)	1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef		1.5 (4)	1.0 (1)						
Dairy		1.3 (3)						1.5 (2)	
Sheep						3.0 (1)			

Free State									
<b>Clocolan, Clocolan Dierekliniek</b>									
Dairy: 2									
<b>Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal</b>									
Beef: 1, Dairy: 1									
<b>Ladybrand, Ladybrand Dierekliniek</b>									
Dairy: 1									
<b>Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Reitz, Riemland Dierehospitaal</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Winburg, Winburg Dierekliniek</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>									
<b>Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Eastern Cape</b>									
<b>Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal</b>									
Sheep: 3									
<b>Western Cape</b>									
<b>Malmesbury, Invitrotech</b>									
Dairy: 2									
<b>Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal</b>									
Dairy: 1									

Eye infections									
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	1.5 (6)	1.7 (3)		3.0 (6)	2.2 (13)	1.7 (9)	2.1 (7)	2.1 (7)	1.0 (1)

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.7 (3)	1.0 (1)	3.0 (3)	2.1 (7)	1.8 (6)	2.0 (4)	1.5 (2)	1.0 (1)
<b>Dairy</b>				2.0 (3)			2.5 (2)	
<b>Sheep</b>	1.5 (2)	1.0 (1)	3.0 (2)	2.3 (3)	1.5 (2)	2.3 (3)	3.0 (2)	
<b>Goat</b>	1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	3.0 (1)		1.0 (1)		1.0 (1)	

### **Mpumalanga**

#### **Balfour, Balfour Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 1, Sheep: 1, Goat: 1

#### **Lydenburg, Longtom Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

#### **Nelspruit, Nelspruit Animal Hospital**

Beef: 2

### **Gauteng**

#### **Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 1, Goat: 3

#### **Pretoria, Anima Veterinary Consulting Rooms**

Sheep: 1

### **North West**

#### **Brits, Brits Dierenkliniek**

Goat: 3

#### **Christiana, Christiana Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

#### **Leeudoringstad, Leeudoringstad Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

*Moraxella bovis*

#### **Schweizer-Reneke, Buffeloord Dierenkliniek SR**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

### **Free State**

#### **Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels**

Beef: 2

#### **Ciocolan, Ciocolan Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 1, Dairy: 1

#### **Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 2, Dairy: 2, Sheep: 3

#### **Reitz, Riemland Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 3, Dairy: 3, Sheep: 3

#### **Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2

#### **Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 1

#### **Winburg, Winburg Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

### **Kwazulu-Natal**

#### **Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

#### **Bergville, Tugela Vet Clinic**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

#### **Camperdown, Camperdown Vet Clinic**

Goat: 1									
<b>Mooi River, Mooirivier Vet Clinic</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Pongola, Pongola Animal Clinic</b>									
Sheep: 1									
<b>Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Vryheid, Vryheid Privaat Veeartse</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Eastern Cape</b>									
<b>Cradock, Cradock Veterinary Clinic</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Graaff-Reinet, Graaff Reinet Veterinary Clinic</b>									
Sheep: 2									
<b>Port Alfred, Port Alfred Veterinary Clinic</b>									
Beef: 1									
Kleinemonde									
<b>Queenstown, Queenstown Veterinary clinic</b>									
Beef: 2									
<b>Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal</b>									
Beef: 3, Sheep: 3									
<b>Witelsbos, Witelsbos Veterinary Consulting Rooms</b>									
Sheep: 2									
<b>Western Cape</b>									
<b>Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital</b>									
Dairy: 3, Sheep: 3									
<b>Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal</b>									
Beef: 2, Dairy: 2									
<b>Oudtshoorn, Ostrimed</b>									
Beef: 1									
Conjunctivitis – short spell of increase of miges and worry flies after rain and warm weather									
<b>Piketberg, Piketberg Dierehospitaal</b>									
Sheep: 3									
<b>Stellenbosch, Stellenbosch Animal Hospital</b>									
Goat: 1									
<b>Northern Cape</b>									
<b>Kathu, Kathu Dierekliniek</b>									
Beef: 1									
<b>Joint III</b>									▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
<b>Average</b>	1.5 (4)	1.0 (1)		2.0 (2)	1.4 (5)	1.3 (3)	2.0 (4)	2.0 (3)	
Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported									
<b>Beef</b>	1.0 (2)	1.0 (1)		2.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	1.3 (3)	2.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	

<b>Dairy</b>							<b>2.0 (2)</b>
<b>Sheep</b>	2.0 (2)		2.0 (1)	1.5 (2)		2.0 (2)	
<b>Goat</b>				1.0 (1)		2.0 (1)	

### **Mpumalanga**

#### **Balfour, Balfour Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

#### **Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1, Sheep: 1

#### **Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 3

### **Gauteng**

#### **Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 1

### **North West**

#### **Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

### **Free State**

#### **Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dierespreekkamer**

Beef: 1, Goat: 1

#### **Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 2

#### **Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 1

#### **Winburg, Winburg Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

### **Kwazulu-Natal**

#### **Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 1

#### **Camperdown, Camperdown Vet Clinic**

Beef: 1

Calf

#### **Vryheid, Vryheid Privaat Veeartse**

Beef: 2

### **Eastern Cape**

#### **Graaff-Reinet, Graaff Reinet Veterinary Clinic**

Sheep: 2, Goat: 2

#### **Port Alfred, Port Alfred Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

Joint abscesses - 2 cases Shaw Park

Sheep: 2

Joint abscesses - 5 cases, Bathurst

### **Western Cape**

#### **Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2, Dairy: 2

#### **Swellendam, Swellendam Dierehospitaal**

Dairy: 2

### **Lameness/Foot Problems**



PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
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<b>Average</b>	1.9 (7)	1.8 (5)	2.3 (3)	2.3 (8)	1.7 (6)	1.7 (3)	2.2 (6)
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Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.8 (4)	2.0 (3)	2.5 (2)	1.8 (4)	1.5 (2)	2.0 (1)	2.0 (1)
<b>Dairy</b>	2.0 (1)			3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)		2.3 (4)
<b>Sheep</b>	2.0 (2)	2.0 (1)		2.0 (1)	2.7 (3)	1.5 (2)	2.0 (1)
<b>Goat</b>		1.0 (1)			2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	

### **Mpumalanga**

#### **Balfour, Balfour Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

#### **Hendrina, Mooiplaas Veterinère Dienste**

Beef: 1

#### **Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

Foot rot

Dairy: 2

Foot rot

Sheep: 2

Foot rot

#### **Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dierespreekkamer**

Sheep: 2

#### **Middelburg , Middelburg Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 2

### **Gauteng**

#### **Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 3

#### **Pretoria, Anima Veterinary Consulting Rooms**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

#### **Pretoria, Onderstepoort Academic Hospital and Production Animal Clinic**

Beef: 1, Goat: 1

### **North West**

#### **Christiana, Christiana Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 3

#### **Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

### **Free State**

#### **Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels**

Beef: 1

#### **Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dierespreekkamer**

Sheep: 2

#### **Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierenhospitaal**

Dairy: 3

#### **Philippolis, Rowelsfontein veearts Spreekkamer**

Sheep: 3

#### **Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

#### **Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierekliniek**



Sheep: 3
Pasteurellosis
<b>Grootvlei, Grootvlei Dierekliniek</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek</b>
Beef: 2, Sheep: 2
<b>Middelburg , Middelburg Dierehospitaal</b>
Beef: 3, Sheep: 3
<b>Nelspruit, Nelspruit Animal Hospital</b>
Beef: 1
<b>Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierehospitaal</b>
Beef: 1
<b>Gauteng</b>
<b>Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic</b>
Beef: 2, Sheep: 1
<b>Magaliesburg, Magaliesburg; Dr Ryan Jeffrey</b>
Beef: 2
Calf pneumonia
<b>Pretoria, Anima Veterinary Consulting Rooms</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>Limpopo</b>
<b>Mokopane, Dr Henk Visser</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>North West</b>
<b>Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal</b>
Beef: 3, Sheep: 3
<b>Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierehospitaal</b>
Beef: 2, Sheep: 2
<b>Leeudoringstad, Leeudoringstad Dierekliniek</b>
Sheep: 3
<b>Potchefstroom, Morvet</b>
Beef: 3, Sheep: 3
Pasteurellosis
<b>Free State</b>
<b>Bethlehem, Bethlehem Animal Hospital</b>
Beef: 3
<b>Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Ciocolan, Ciocolan Dierekliniek</b>
Beef: 3, Dairy: 2, Sheep: 2
<b>Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierekliniek</b>
Beef: 3, Sheep: 3
<b>Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal</b>
Beef: 1, Sheep: 3
<b>Ladybrand, Ladybrand Dierekliniek</b>
Beef: 1
<b>Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic</b>
Beef: 3
<b>Parys, Parys Dierehospitaal</b>
Sheep: 2
<i>Histophilus somnii</i>
<b>Reitz, Riemland Dierehospitaal</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierekliniek</b>
Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 3

**Vrede, Vrede Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

**Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 1

**Winburg, Winburg Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

**Kwazulu-Natal****Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Bergville, Tugela Vet Clinic**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2, Goat: 2

**Dundee, Endumeni Herd health**

Beef: 2, Dairy: 1

**Eshowe, Eshowe Veterinary Hospital**

Beef: 2

Feed lot

**Mooi River, Mooirivier Vet Clinic**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 1

**Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Newcastle, Ncanduvet Newcastle**

Beef: 3

**Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery**

Dairy: 3, Sheep: 3

**Vryheid, Vryheid Privaat Veeartse**

Beef: 3

**Eastern Cape****Alexandria, Alexandria Platteland Spreekamer**

Dairy: 2

**Cradock, Cradock Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 1

Asperation pneumonia

**Graaff-Reinet, Graaff Reinet Veterinary Clinic**

Sheep: 1

**Uitenhage, Uitenhage Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 1

**Western Cape****Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital**

Sheep: 2

**Darling, Tygerberg Dierehospitaal Darling**

Dairy: 3

**Malmesbury, Dr Otto Kriek**

Dairy: 1

**Malmesbury, Invitrotech**

Dairy: 3

Fifteen cases

**Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2, Dairy: 3, Sheep: 2

**Piketberg, Piketberg Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 3

Pasteurellosis in young lambs

**Riversdale, Riversdal Dierekliniek**

Dairy: 2, Sheep: 2

**Swellendam, Swellendam Dierehospitaal**

Dairy: 2

**Northern Cape****Calvinia, Calvinia Veeartskliniek**

Sheep: 3

**Kimberley, Kimberley Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 1

Foreign body pneumonia

**Mastitis in general**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	1.5 (4)	1.8 (4)		2.5 (2)	2.0 (2)	2.0 (3)	1.5 (2)	2.3 (10)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	1.5 (2)	3.0 (1)		2.0 (1)	2.0 (2)	1.5 (2)	1.0 (1)		
Dairy		1.0 (1)		3.0 (1)		3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	2.3 (10)	
Sheep	1.5 (2)	2.0 (1)							
Goat		1.0 (1)							

**Mpumalanga****Balfour, Balfour Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

**Bethal, Bethal Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 1

**Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

**Gauteng****Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 3, Dairy: 1, Goat: 1

**Pretoria, Anima Veterinary Consulting Rooms**

Sheep: 2

**North West****Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

**Potchefstroom, Morvet**

Dairy: 3

**Free State****Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels**

Beef: 2

**Winburg, Winburg Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

**Kwazulu-Natal****Bergville, Tugela Vet Clinic**

Beef: 1

**Mooi River, Mooirivier Vet Clinic**

Dairy: 3

**Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2

<b>Eastern Cape</b>
<b>Alexandria, Alexandria Platteland Spreekamer</b>
Dairy: 2
<b>Graaff-Reinet, Graaff Reinet Veterinary Clinic</b>
Beef: 1
<b>Western Cape</b>
<b>Caledon, Caledon Dierenkliniek</b>
Dairy: 3
<b>Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital</b>
Dairy: 2
<b>Darling, Tygerberg Dierenhospitaal Darling</b>
Dairy: 2
<b>George, Dr Mark Chimes</b>
Dairy: 2
<b>George, George Animal Hospital</b>
Dairy: 3
<b>Malmesbury, Dr Otto Kriek</b>
Dairy: 1
<b>Malmesbury, Invitrotech</b>
Dairy: 3
Twenty three cases; Mastitis culled 24
<b>Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierenhospitaal</b>
Dairy: 3
<b>Oudtshoorn, Ostrimed</b>
Dairy: 1
<b>Swellendam, Swellendam Dierenhospitaal</b>
Dairy: 3

Navel Ill										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	2.0 (1)				1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)		2.0 (2)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>			1.0 (1)		
<b>Dairy</b>					2.0 (2)
<b>Sheep</b>	2.0 (1)		1.0 (1)		

<b>Mpumalanga</b>
<b>Lydenburg, Longtom Dierenkliniek</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>Free State</b>
<b>Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierenkliniek</b>
Sheep: 1
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>
<b>Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery</b>
Beef: 1
<b>Western Cape</b>
<b>Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierenhospitaal</b>

Dairy: 1

### **Stellenbosch, Stellenbosch Animal Hospital**

Dairy: 3

Red gut (Sheep)										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	2.0 (1)				1.5 (2)				2.0 (1)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Sheep	2.0 (1)		1.5 (2)		2.0 (1)	
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### **Mpumalanga**

#### **Lydenburg, Longtom Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 2

### **Free State**

#### **Clocolan, Clocolan Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 1

#### **Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap**

Sheep: 2

### **Northern Cape**

#### **Kimberley, Kimberley Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 2

### **Trauma**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	2.0 (1)					2.0 (1)				

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	2.0 (1)									
Sheep						2.0 (1)				

### **Mpumalanga**

#### **Lydenburg, Longtom Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2

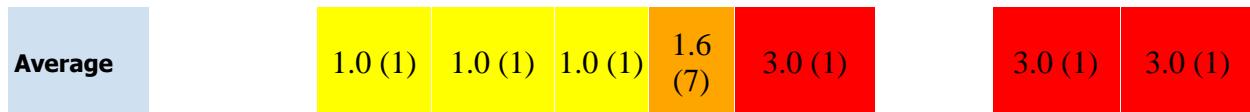
### **Eastern Cape**

#### **Witelsbos, Witelsbos Veterinary Consulting Rooms**

Sheep: 2

### **Downer**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
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Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported



#### Gauteng

##### Pretoria, Onderstepoort Academic Hospital and Production Animal Clinic

Beef: 1

#### Limpopo

##### Mokopane, Dr Henk Visser

Beef: 1

#### North West

##### Schweizer-Reneke, Buffeloord Dierenkliniek SR

Beef: 1

#### Free State

##### Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dierespreekamer

Beef: 2

#### Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierenhospitaal

Beef: 1, Dairy: 1

#### Reitz, Riemland Dierenhospitaal

Beef: 2

#### Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

#### Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierenkliniek

Beef: 1

#### Kwazulu-Natal

##### Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery

Dairy: 3

Post-calving downers - cows in poor condition, kikuyu grazing, milk fever, negative energy balance with ketosis.

#### Western Cape

##### Malmesbury, Invitrotech

Dairy: 3

Twenty

#### Northern Cape

##### Kuruman, State Vet Kuruman

Beef: 3

Numerous

Other										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
<b>Average</b>		1.0 (1)	2.0 (1)				2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	2.0 (2)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>		2.0 (1)
<b>Dairy</b>		1.0 (1)
<b>Sheep</b>		2.0 (2)
<b>Goat</b>	1.0 (1)	2.0 (1)

#### **Gauteng**

##### **Pretoria, Onderstepoort Academic Hospital and Production Animal Clinic**

Goat: 1

Hypospadia

#### **Limpopo**

##### **Mokopane, Dr Henk Visser**

Goat: 2

#### **Eastern Cape**

##### **Port Alfred, Port Alfred Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

Symmetrical plantar carpal hypersensitivity dermatitis, secondary to parasite larval migration - 5 cases - Shaw Park

#### **Western Cape**

##### **Malmesbury, Invitrotech**

Dairy: 1

Hernia

#### **Northern Cape**

##### **De Aar, De Aar Veterinary Clinic**

Sheep: 2

Wet carcasses - especially in sheep transported from Namibia. A few light yellow carcasses. Only superficial.

##### **Kimberley, Kimberley Dierenkliniek**

Sheep: 2

Dermatopraxis - Cutaneous asthenia

## Metabolic Diseases

Acidosis										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	2.0 (2)			3.0 (2)	2.2 (11)	2.0 (1)	2.0 (2)	1.8 (5)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	2.0 (1)		3.0 (1)	2.3 (4)				2.0 (1)	
<b>Dairy</b>				1.0 (1)	2.0 (1)			3.0 (1)	
<b>Sheep</b>	2.0 (1)		3.0 (1)	2.3 (6)		2.0 (2)	1.3 (3)		

#### **Mpumalanga**

##### **Standerton, Econovet**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

<b>North West</b>
<b>Potchefstroom, Morvet</b>
Beef: 3, Sheep: 3
<b>Free State</b>
<b>Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dierespreekkamer</b>
Beef: 2, Sheep: 2
<b>Cocolan, Cocolan Dierenkliniek</b>
Dairy: 1
<b>Ficksburg, Oosvrystaat Diere Produkte</b>
Sheep: 3
<b>Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 3, Sheep: 3
<b>Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierenhospitaal</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>Ladybrand, Ladybrand Dierenkliniek</b>
Sheep: 1
<b>Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap</b>
Beef: 2, Sheep: 3
<b>Winburg, Winburg Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>
<b>Dundee, Endumeni Herd health</b>
Dairy: 2
<b>Eastern Cape</b>
<b>Graaff-Reinet, Camdeboo Veterinary Clinic</b>
Sheep: 1
<b>Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierenhospitaal</b>
Sheep: 3
<b>Western Cape</b>
<b>Beaufort West, Beaufort Dierenkliniek</b>
Sheep: 1
With concurrent laminitis
<b>Beaufort West, Beaufort West State Vet</b>
Sheep: 1
Feed, animals not adapted
<b>Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierenhospitaal</b>
Beef: 2, Dairy: 3, Sheep: 2

Displaced abomasum										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average			1.0 (1)			3.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	2.0 (2)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.0 (1)
<b>Dairy</b>	3.0 (1)
<b>Sheep</b>	2.0 (2)

## Limpopo

**Mokopane, Dr Henk Visser**  
Beef: 1

Kwazulu-Natal									
Dundee, Endumeni Herd health									
Dairy: 3									
Eastern Cape									
Somerset East, Bosberg Veterinary Clinic									
Sheep: 2									
Western Cape									
Malmesbury, Invitrotech									
Dairy: 2									
Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal									
Dairy: 2									
Ketosis									
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average	2.0 (1)	2.0 (1)			2.5 (2)		1.5 (2)	2.7 (3)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Dairy</b>				1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)
<b>Sheep</b>	2.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	2.5 (2)	2.0 (1)	2.5 (2)

<b>Mpumalanga</b>
<b>Standerton, Econovet</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>Gauteng</b>
<b>Bronkhorstspruit, Kerkstraat Dierekliniek</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>Free State</b>
<b>Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierekliniek</b>
Sheep: 3
<b>Parys, Parys Dierehospitaal</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>Eastern Cape</b>
<b>Alexandria, Riverview Trading Vet Consulting Services</b>
Dairy: 1
<b>Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>Western Cape</b>
<b>Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>Heidelberg (WC), Heidelberg Dierekliniek</b>
Sheep: 3
<b>Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal</b>



Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>			1.0 (1)		2.0 (1)
<b>Dairy</b>	2.0 (1)	3.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	1.0 (1)	2.0 (2)
<b>Sheep</b>			1.0 (1)		2.0 (1)

#### Gauteng

##### Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic

Dairy: 2

#### North West

##### Potchefstroom, Morvet

Dairy: 3

#### Free State

##### Clocolon, Clocolon Dierenkliniek

Dairy: 2

##### Ficksburg, Oosvrystaat Diere Produkte

Dairy: 1

#### Kwazulu-Natal

##### Camperdown, Camperdown Vet Clinic

Dairy: 1

#### Western Cape

##### Heidelberg (WC), Heidelberg Dierenkliniek

Dairy: 2, Sheep: 2

##### Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierenhospitaal

Beef: 2, Dairy: 2

## Reproductive diseases

Dystocia (Difficult Births)										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
<b>Average</b>	1.9 (7)	1.8 (4)	1.0 (1)	2.4 (8)	2.0 (16)	1.8 (9)	1.3 (4)	2.1 (13)	2.0 (2)	

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	1.6 (5)	2.0 (1)		2.3 (6)	2.0 (9)	1.9 (7)	1.0 (1)	1.8 (4)	2.0 (1)
<b>Dairy</b>					2.0 (2)		2.0 (1)	2.1 (7)	

<b>Sheep</b>	2.5 (2)	1.5 (2)	2.5 (2)	2.0 (5)	1.5 (2)	1.0 (2)	2.5 (2)	
<b>Goat</b>		2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)					2.0 (1)

### **Mpumalanga**

**Bethal, Bethal Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2

**Grootvlei, Grootvlei Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 1

**Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dieresprekkamer**

Beef: 1, Sheep: 2

**Middelburg , Middelburg Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 1

### **Gauteng**

**Pretoria, Anima Veterinary Consulting Rooms**

Sheep: 1

**Pretoria, Onderstepoort Academic Hospital and Production Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2, Goat: 2

### **Limpopo**

**Mokopane, Dr Henk Visser**

Goat: 1

### **North West**

**Brits, Brits Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2

**Christiana, Christiana Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 2

**Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Leeudoringstad, Leeudoringstad Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

**Stella, Stella Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3

**Ventersdorp, Ventersdorp Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2

### **Free State**

**Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels**

Beef: 1

**Clocolan, Clocolan Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2

**Ficksburg, Oosvrystaat Dieren Produkte**

Beef: 3, Dairy: 2, Sheep: 1

**Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

**Reitz, Riemland Dierenhospitaal**

Beef: 2, Dairy: 2

**Viljoenskroon, Viljoenskroon Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 2

**Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

**Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierenkliniek**

Beef: 1, Sheep: 2

<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>									
<b>Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic</b>									
Beef:	2								
<b>Bergville, Tugela Vet Clinic</b>									
Beef:	2, Sheep:	2							
<b>Dundee, Endumeni Herd health</b>									
Beef:	1								
<b>Mooi River, Moorivier Vet Clinic</b>									
Beef:	2								
<b>Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic</b>									
Beef:	2								
<b>Newcastle, Ncanduvet Newcastle</b>									
Beef:	3								
<b>Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery</b>									
Beef:	1, Sheep:	1							
<b>Eastern Cape</b>									
<b>Alexandria, Alexandria Platteland Spreekamer</b>									
Dairy:	2								
<b>Graaff-Reinet, Camdeboo Veterinary Clinic</b>									
Sheep:	1								
<b>Humansdorp, Humansdorp Veterinary Clinic</b>									
Beef:	1, Sheep:	1							
<b>Western Cape</b>									
<b>Caledon, Caledon Dierenkliniek</b>									
Dairy:	1								
<b>Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital</b>									
Beef:	2, Sheep:	2							
<b>Darling, Tygerberg Dierenhospitaal Darling</b>									
Dairy:	2								
<b>Malmesbury, Dr Otto Kriek</b>									
Dairy:	3								
<b>Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierenhospitaal</b>									
Beef:	2, Dairy:	2							
<b>Moorreesburg, Tygerberg Moorreesburg</b>									
Sheep:	3								
<b>Oudtshoorn, Oudtshoorn Dierenkliniek</b>									
Beef:	1								
<b>Stellenbosch, Stellenbosch Animal Hospital</b>									
Beef:	2								
<b>Swellendam, Swellendam Dierenhospitaal</b>									
Dairy:	2								
<b>Worcester, Durban Straat Dierenkliniek Worcester</b>									
Dairy:	2								
<b>Northern Cape</b>									
<b>Postmasburg, Postmasburg Dierenkliniek</b>									
Beef:	2, Goat:	2							
<b>Endometritis</b>									
<b>PROVINCE</b>	<b>Mpumalanga</b>	<b>Gauteng</b>	<b>Limpopo</b>	<b>North West</b>	<b>Free State</b>	<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>	<b>Eastern Cape</b>	<b>Western Cape</b>	<b>Northern Cape</b>

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Average	2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	2.8 (4)
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Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	1.0 (1)
Dairy	2.0 (1)

#### Free State

##### Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal

Dairy: 2

##### Kwazulu-Natal

##### Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic

Beef: 1

##### Western Cape

##### Caledon, Caledon Dierenkliniek

Dairy: 3

##### Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal

Dairy: 3

##### Swellendam, Swellendam Dierehospitaal

Dairy: 3

##### Worcester, Durban Straat Dierenkliniek Worcester

Dairy: 2

Metritis										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	1.5 (2)			2.5 (2)	1.7 (3)	2.0 (1)		2.4 (5)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	1.5 (2)	2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	2.0 (1)
Dairy		3.0 (1)	2.0 (2)	2.4 (5)

#### Mpumalanga

##### Balfour, Balfour Dierenkliniek

Beef: 1

##### Lydenburg, Longtom Dierenkliniek

Beef: 2

#### North West

##### Christiana, Christiana Dierehospitaal

Beef: 2

##### Potchefstroom, Morvet

Dairy: 3

#### Free State

##### Bloemfontein, Dr Stephan Wessels

Beef: 1

**Clocolan, Clocolan Dierekliniek**

Dairy: 3

**Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal**

Dairy: 1

**Kwazulu-Natal****Mooi River, Moorivier Vet Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Western Cape****Caledon, Caledon Dierekliniek**

Dairy: 3

**Darling, Tygerberg Dierehospitaal Darling**

Dairy: 3

**Malmesbury, Dr Otto Kriek**

Dairy: 1

**Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal**

Dairy: 3

**Swellendam, Swellendam Dierehospitaal**

Dairy: 2

**Poor conception**

PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
<b>Average</b>	2.3 (3)	2.0 (1)		2.0 (1)	1.9 (9)	2.7 (3)	2.7 (3)	2.3 (3)	
<b>Beef</b>	2.3 (3)	2.0 (1)		2.0 (1)	1.8 (6)	2.5 (2)	2.5 (2)		
<b>Dairy</b>					1.0 (1)	3.0 (1)			2.3 (3)
<b>Sheep</b>					2.5 (2)		3.0 (1)		

**Mpumalanga****Balfour, Balfour Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

**Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dieresprekkamer**

Beef: 3

**Middelburg , Middelburg Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3

**Gauteng****Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2

**North West****Klerksdorp, Klerksdorp Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

**Free State****Clocolan, Clocolan Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

**Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 1, Dairy: 1

**Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

**Vrede, Saulshoek Dierepraktyk**

Sheep: 3

First calving heifers - poor management and supplement feeding

**Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

**Winburg, Winburg Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3

**Kwazulu-Natal****Dundee, Endumeni Herd health**

Beef: 2

**Mooi River, Moorivier Vet Clinic**

Beef: 3

**Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery**

Dairy: 3

Disappointing in dairy cattle

**Eastern Cape****Humansdorp, Humansdorp Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

**Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Western Cape****Malmesbury, Dr Otto Kriek**

Dairy: 2

**Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierehospitaal**

Dairy: 2

**Swellendam, Swellendam Dierehospitaal**

Dairy: 3

Retained afterbirth										<a href="#">▲</a>
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	1.3 (6)	1.0 (1)		2.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	1.3 (3)		1.7 (3)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef	1.0 (3)	1.0 (1)		2.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	1.5 (2)		1.0 (1)		
Dairy									2.0 (2)	
Sheep	2.0 (1)									
Goat	1.5 (2)					1.0 (1)				

**Mpumalanga****Balfour, Balfour Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1, Goat: 1

**Lydenburg, Longtom Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 2, Goat: 2

**Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dieresprekkamer**



Uterus prolaps										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	1.3 (3)	1.0 (1)		1.0 (1)	1.6 (8)	1.3 (4)	1.0 (1)	1.8 (4)	1.5 (2)	
Beef	1.5 (2)			1.0 (1)	1.4 (5)	1.5 (2)		2.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	
Dairy						1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	2.0 (1)		
Sheep	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)			2.0 (3)	1.0 (1)		1.5 (2)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

#### **Mpumalanga**

##### **Bethal, Bethal Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 1

##### **Ermelo, Môregloed Veterinêre Spreekkamer**

Beef: 1

##### **Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 2

#### **Gauteng**

##### **Bronkhorstspruit, Kerkstraat Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 1

#### **North West**

##### **Brits, Brits Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

#### **Free State**

##### **Clocolan, Clocolan Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1

##### **Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 3

##### **Kroonstad, Kroonstad Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 1, Sheep: 1

##### **Reitz, Riemland Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 1

##### **Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 2

##### **Winburg, Winburg Dierekliniek**

Beef: 2

#### **Kwazulu-Natal**

##### **Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

##### **Camperdown, Camperdown Vet Clinic**

Dairy: 1

##### **Eshowe, Eshowe Veterinary Hospital**

Sheep: 1

##### **Estcourt, Estcourt Vet Clinic**

Beef: 1

#### **Eastern Cape**

##### **Alexandria, Alexandria Platteiland Spreekkamer**

Dairy: 1
<b>Western Cape</b>
<b>Caledon, Caledon Dierenkliniek</b>
Sheep: 1
<b>Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierenhospitaal</b>
Beef: 2, Dairy: 2
<b>Worcester, Durban Straat Dierenkliniek Worcester</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>Northern Cape</b>
<b>Kimberley, Kimberley Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Postmasburg, Postmasburg Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 1

Vaginal (Cervical) prolaps										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
<b>Average</b>	1.3 (3)	1.0 (3)	1.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	1.7 (10)	1.3 (4)	1.0 (1)	1.3 (6)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	2.0 (1)	1.0 (2)	1.0 (1)	1.5 (2)	1.6 (5)	1.3 (3)		1.0 (1)		
<b>Dairy</b>									1.0 (1)	
<b>Sheep</b>	1.0 (2)				1.8 (5)	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)		1.5 (4)	
<b>Goat</b>		1.0 (1)								

<b>Mpumalanga</b>
<b>Bethal, Bethal Dierenkliniek</b>
Sheep: 1
<b>Grootvlei, Grootvlei Dierenkliniek</b>
Sheep: 1
<b>Volksrust, Cape Cross Volksrust Dierenhospitaal</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Gauteng</b>
<b>Bronkhorstspruit, Kerkstraat Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 1
<b>Pretoria, Onderstepoort Academic Hospital and Production Animal Clinic</b>
Beef: 1, Goat: 1
<b>Limpopo</b>
<b>Mokopane, Dr Henk Visser</b>
Beef: 1
<b>North West</b>
<b>Leeudoringstad, Leeudoringstad Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Schweizer-Reneke, Buffeloord Dierenkliniek SR</b>
Beef: 1
<b>Free State</b>
<b>Cloolan, Cloolan Dierenkliniek</b>

Sheep: 2
<b>Hoopstad, Hoopstad Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 2, Sheep: 3
<b>Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic</b>
Beef: 1, Sheep: 1
<b>Reitz, Riemland Dierenhospitaal</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierenkliniek Venootskap</b>
Beef: 1, Sheep: 2
<b>Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierenkliniek</b>
Sheep: 1
<b>Winburg, Winburg Dierenkliniek</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Kwazulu-Natal</b>
<b>Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic</b>
Beef: 2
<b>Dundee, Endumeni Herd health</b>
Sheep: 1
<b>Mtubatuba, Mtubatuba Animal Clinic</b>
Beef: 1
<b>Pongola, Pongola Animal Clinic</b>
Beef: 1
Same cow as previous season
<b>Eastern Cape</b>
<b>Graaff-Reinet, Camdeboo Veterinary Clinic</b>
Sheep: 1
<b>Western Cape</b>
<b>Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital</b>
Sheep: 2
<b>George, George Animal Hospital</b>
Sheep: 1
<b>Malmesbury, Malmesbury Dierenhospitaal</b>
Beef: 1
<b>Stellenbosch, Stellenbosch Animal Hospital</b>
Dairy: 1, Sheep: 1
<b>Worcester, Durban Straat Dierenkliniek Worcester</b>
Sheep: 2

### Climatical Cause

Cold exposure										▲
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	2.0 (2)				2.0 (1)	3.0 (1)		2.0 (1)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Sheep	2.0 (2)		2.0 (1)	3.0 (1)		2.0 (1)
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<b>Mpumalanga</b>
<b>Lydenburg, Lydenburg Dierespreekkamer</b>

Sheep: 2

**Standerton, Econovet**

Sheep: 2

**Free State**

**Wesselsbron, Wesselsbron Dierekliniek**

Sheep: 2

**Kwazulu-Natal**

**Underberg, Underberg Veterinary Surgery**

Sheep: 3

Cold and wet period

**Western Cape**

**Caledon, Overberg Veterinary Hospital**

Sheep: 2

Drought										<a href="#">^</a>
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average							3.0 (4)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef							3.0 (1)			
Dairy							3.0 (1)			
Sheep							3.0 (1)			
Goat							3.0 (1)			

**Eastern Cape**

**Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal**

Beef: 3, Dairy: 3, Sheep: 3, Goat: 3

Lightning										<a href="#">^</a>
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average							1.0 (1)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

Beef							1.0 (1)			
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**Eastern Cape**

**Queenstown, Queenstown Veterinary clinic**

Beef: 1

Frozen to death										<a href="#">^</a>
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average								2.0 (1)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Sheep</b>	<b>2.0 (1)</b>								
<b>Western Cape</b>									
<b>Riversdale, Riversdal Dierenkliniek</b>									
Sheep: 2									
<b>Non specific diseases</b>									
<b>Cause of death not established</b>									
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
Average					3.0 (1)				

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Sheep</b>		3.0 (1)							
<b>Free State</b>									
<b>Bultfontein, Greylingsrust Dierespreekkamer</b>									
Sheep: 3									
<b>Predators</b>									
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
<b>Average</b>		1.0 (2)		1.0 (1)	2.0 (4)		3.0 (2)		

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>			1.5 (2)	
<b>Sheep</b>	1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)	2.5 (2)	3.0 (1)
<b>Goat</b>	1.0 (1)			3.0 (1)

Gauteng

Hammanskraal, Themba Animal Clinic

Goat: 1

Pretoria, Onderstepoort Academic Hospital and Production Animal Clinic

Sheep: 1

## Dog bite wounds

North West

Schweizer-Reneke, Buffeloord Dierenkliniek SR

**Sheep:** 1

Honde

## Friends

**Free State****Ficksburg, Oosvrystaat Diere Produkte**

Beef: 1

Too many jackals, attack animals that have difficulty during calving. Attack bulls from behind.

**Philippijs, Rowelsfontein veearts Spreekkamer**

Sheep: 2

**Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 3

**Eastern Cape****Steynsburg, Steynsburg Dierehospitaal**

Sheep: 3, Goat: 3

Sabotation/Theft										
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average					2.9 (7)	2.0 (1)				
Beef					2.8 (4)	2.0 (1)				
Sheep					3.0 (3)					

**Free State****Clocolan, Clocolan Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Ficksburg, Oosvrystaat Diere Produkte**

Beef: 3, Sheep: 3

**Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap**

Beef: 2, Sheep: 3

**Winburg, Winburg Dierekliniek**

Beef: 3

**Kwazulu-Natal****Bergville, Bergville Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 2

Trauma										
PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape	
Average	1.0 (2)	2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)		1.0 (1)	1.0 (1)				
Beef	1.0 (1)	2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)		1.0 (1)					

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Sheep</b>	1.0 (1)
<b>Goat</b>	1.0 (1)

**Mpumalanga**
**Bethal, Bethal Dierekliniek**

Beef: 1, Sheep: 1

**Gauteng**
**Pretoria, Onderstepoort Academic Hospital and Production Animal Clinic**

Beef: 2

Fractures

**Limpopo**
**Mokopane, Dr Henk Visser**

Beef: 1

**Free State**
**Memel, Memel Veterinary Clinic**

Beef: 1

**Kwazulu-Natal**
**Camperdown, Camperdown Vet Clinic**

Goat: 1

Fractured leg

**Traumatic Reticulo-pericarditis**


PROVINCE	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	North West	Free State	Kwazulu-Natal	Eastern Cape	Western Cape	Northern Cape
<b>Average</b>					2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)			

Level of importance scale: 1 = one case, 2 = more than one case but less than ten and 3 = more than 10 cases reported

<b>Beef</b>	2.0 (1)	1.0 (1)
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**Free State**
**Villiers, Wilgepoort Dierekliniek Venootskap**

Beef: 2

**Kwazulu-Natal**
**Newcastle, Ncanduvet Newcastle**

Beef: 1